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[March 31, 1863-1y

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS
JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinsey,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK,
at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this es
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Hollidaysburg, Dec. 30, 1862-tf.

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THOMAS HESLOP.
1862.

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A STREET, ALTOONA, PA.,
NSTANTLY ON HAND
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of his own manufacture, which he
Wholesale or retail, at the most reason
OREIGN FRUITS, such as
LEMONS, PINE-APPLES,
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as can be purchased elsewhere.

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respectfully announces
ns and the public gen
since the Drug business
re he keeps constantly
ale and Retail, DRUGS,
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business, and a desire to render sat
is price and quality, he hopes to
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ants supplied on reasonable terms,
ance promptly attended to,
and carefully compounded. 1-tf.
FRIENDS WOULD DO
ing the choice and choice assort
GOODS now displayed upon the
MURPHY & SOPER,
Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts
62.
LARD OILS, CAM
Said, Carbon Oil, &c., at
KESSLER'S.
T McCORMICK'S Store
rtment of Ready-Made clothing.
Nov. 25-tf.
—A LARGE AND
ent of Groceries have just been re
J. B. HILEMAN.
, TOOTH, SHAVING,
Varnish Brushes at
KESSLER'S.
OF PRINTING
expeditiously executed at the
ALTOONA TRIBUNE OFFICE
S AND PARASOLS,
r, at LAUGHMAN'S.
CARPETING AND
found at LAUGHMAN'S.
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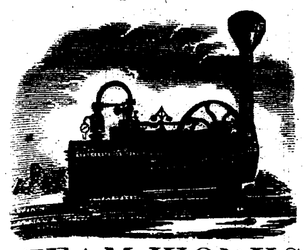
and Clothes Pins, at LAUGHMAN'S
ORTMENT OF OVER-
and at LAUGHMAN'S.
OLOGNES, POM-
ream, Toilet Soaps, &c., for sale by
G. W. KESSLER.

The Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN. [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 8. ALTOONA. PA., TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 1863. NO. 20.

Muskingum Valley



STEAM WORKS
CORNER OF
Market and Third Streets,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

WE ARE NOW TURNING OUT A LARGE number of our improved Portable Steam Engines, and Portable Circular Saw Mills, as well as Stationary Engines and Saw Mills, many of which are finding their way into Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon and Crawford Counties, and other parts of the State of Pennsylvania. Those already received and in operation, are giving the most entire satisfaction. There is now hardly a State or Territory in the Union, but that our improved Portable Engines and Saw Mills are in use in. All our Engines have Spark Arrester Stacks on them which confine the flying sparks.

We would respectfully refer you to the following gentlemen and Certificates for the portability, utility and practical operations of our Portable Steam Engines and Saw Mills:

HARTSTOWN, Crawford Co., Pa., May 30th, 1863.

MESSRS. J. & J. H. DUVALL:—*Gentlemen*:—We received our Twenty Horse Power Portable Engine and Saw Mill, in good order. We are perfectly satisfied with it; every thing works to our entire satisfaction—in fact beyond our expectations. We sawed 4000 feet of white-oak boards in five hours, and could have done more in the same time, but we have had good logs.

We take pleasure in recommending those in want of Saw Mills and Engines to purchase of you.

Respectfully, C. REYNOLDS & E. ANDRESS.

We are authorized to say, for Mr. Samuel Milliken, Hollidaysburg, Pa., that the 20 horse power Portable Engine and Saw Mill we sold him, has fully met his expectation and proved itself to be all that was claimed for it in our circular; and since starting it, has sent in his order for a second Engine and Saw Mill, of same power and size.

For further references, we will give the names of M. T. Dill and Thomas M'Auley, Altoona, Pa.; A. L. Holliday, Hollidaysburg, Pa.; M. M. Adams, Cresson, Pa.; W. S. Zeigler and Joseph S. Reed, Huntingdon, Pa.; Messrs. Burley & Co., Tyrone, Pa., all of whom have purchased Portable Steam Engines and Portable Circular Saw Mills of us.

We fully warrant our Engines and Saw Mills, to be made of first-class material; workmanship the same; with Brass Ball Valves in pumps and checks, and to saw from 8,000 to 10,000 feet of lumber per day.

Orders solicited. Description circular sent to all correspondents. Respectfully,

J. & J. H. DUVALL,
Corner Market and 3rd Streets,
just opposite C. O. R. Road Depot, Zanesville, Ohio.
June 2, 1863-4m.

O, YES! O, YES!!
THIS WAY! THIS WAY!
NEW
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

J. B. HILEMAN has just received a large and well selected stock of Goods, consisting of Cloths, Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Blue Drilling, and all other kinds of Goods for

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,

together with a grand and magnificent assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Beréges, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzes, DeBeges, Crapes, Print, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

ALSO,

Tickings, Checks, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS, &C.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O. Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Call and examine his Stock, and you will be convinced that he has the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Altoona, April 28, 1863.

EXCELSIOR
Hat & Cap Store.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EXCELSIOR" HAT and CAP Store, would inform his customers, and the Public generally, that he has just returned from the city with the largest and most varied stock of goods in his line ever brought to Altoona, all of which he has now on exhibition and sale at his new store room on Virginia street, next door to Jaggard's store. His stock embraces all the latest styles of

SPRING AND SUMMER

HATS, CAPS,

MISSES' FLATS, &C.

His Stock of Hats and Caps are of the very best selection, every style, color and shape, for both old and young.

All he asks is that the people call and examine his stock, and he feels confident that he can send them away rejoicing, if not in the purchase of such an article as they wanted, at the remembrance of having looked upon the handsomest stock of Hats, Caps, Flats, &c., ever exhibited in this town.

I have also on hand an entirely new stock of

Ladies' and Childrens' Hats and Flats,

which I am confident cannot be surpassed in the country, all of which I will sell at the most reasonable prices. Remember the Hall of Fashion when you want anything in the line of head covering, and call on

May 4, '63-tf JESSE SMITH.

New Drug Store.

S. BERLIN & CO., ANNOUNCE TO the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have opened a Drug and Variety Store in

WORK'S NEW BUILDING,

Virginia Street, between Julia and Caroline Streets, where may be had

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DYE-STUFFS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERIES, PAINTS, OIL, GLASS, PUTTY,

and all other articles usually sold in the Drug business.

OUR MEDICINES

are of the purest and best quality, and our Chemicals bear the marks of the best manufacturers.

Painters, Glaziers, Builders and others requiring to use PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, TURPENTINE, *Window Glass, Putty, Paint Brushes, Sash Tools, &c., &c.,* will find our assortment to be of the

BEST QUALITY AND AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

The purest Wines and Liquors for Medicinal, Mechanical and Sacramental purposes always in store.

☞ All orders correctly and promptly answered, and Physicians Prescriptions accurately compounded.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

E. B. McCRUM. - - - - - *H. C. DERN,*
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,)..... $1 50
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do
Four lines or less	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One Square, (8 lines)	50	75	1 00
Two " (16 ")	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three " (24 ")	1 50	2 00	2 50

Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

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Six lines or less	$ 1 50	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
One square	2 50	4 00	7 00
Two "	4 00	6 00	10 00
Three "	5 00	8 00	12 00
Four "	6 00	10 00	14 00
Half a column	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column	14 00	25 00	40 00
Administrators and Executors Notices			1 75
Merchants advertising by the year, three squares, with liberty to change			10 00
Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines with paper, per year			5 00

Communications of a political character or individual interest, will be charged according to the above rates.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.

Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square.

Choice Poetry.

WHY ARE ROSES RED AND WHITE.

BY W. S. SHIPLEY.

When first the roses reared their heads
In Eden's sacred bowers,
They flourished o'er the emerald beds,
The brightest of the flowers!

White—as the snow o'er mountain driven;
Pure—as the pearls of ocean;
Fair—as the cloudiest vault of heaven:
And lovely—as devotion!

Unspotted, and without a thorn,
Around the tree they blew;
Where the forbidden fruit was borne,
And flowers of all kinds grew.

There, as Eve passed, to rob that tree,
A virgin rose she crushed;
The flowers, ashamed her fault to see,
Drooped down their heads, and blushed.

But when the Saviour of mankind
Descended from on high,
Emblems of purity! we find
The roses lose their dye!

So, now they're blended, red and white—
The red blushes at the fall;
The snow buds opened to the light,
When Christ redeemed us all!

OH! TELL ME NOT.

BY F. D.

Oh! tell me not, recall them not,
Those visions of the past—
Those moments of delight that were
Too beautiful to last!
Nay, tell me not—oh, tell me not,
Of those untarnished hours,
When life was but a summer's day
Of sunshine without showers.

They call to mind the form of one
That I would fain forget;
But which a word will swift recall,
And haunt my memory yet;—
They bring to view the forms of friends
And scenes forever dear;
O'er which I an but give a sigh,
And drop a burning tear!

They make again those cherished hopes,
That life's young morning knew;
But which as long, long years rolled on,
All perished with them too!
Then tell me not, oh! tell me not,
Of those untarnished hours,
When life was but a summer's day
Of sunshine without showers.

Select Miscellany.

COURTING IN THE DARK.

"Almost divine, eh?"

"I think so."

A lady at that moment entered the ball room. The above observations were made by a couple of gentlemen who stood directly in front of me, and who had seen the fair creature's face.

I am very susceptible to female beauty, and therefore my curiosity was slightly aroused at the mention of something almost divine.

"Ah! good evening, Ned," said my friend Bangs, coming in and tapping me on the shoulder. "Did you see Miss Leighton?"

"Miss Leighton—the lady that just now came in?"

"Yes, don't you know the Leighton's?"

"No."

"Why, my boy, Miss Leighton is the most splended woman in town—the belle, in fact. Shall I make you acquainted?"

"Certanly."

I was soon making my prettiest bow before the lady aforesaid. She had dark, languishing eyes that could speak the language of the heart much more eloquently than the tongue; a fine complexion—rose and lily blended; a voice as sweet as your loved one's, and a form gotten up from the softest cotton, etc. By the way, what would the ladies do were it not for cotton? But I didn't think anything of that kind at the time. I was doing my utmost to make myself agreeable to that being, who, robed in something soft and gauzy, which I do not know enough about to even tell the name of, seemed to me—if I may use the expression—part blood angel.

Then I was flying—she had wings or seemed to have—over the smooth floor, with this fair one leaning upon me, to the sound of the music, that, in my ecstacy, seemed heavenly.

I passed a delightful evening, and at last had the pleasure of helping Miss Leighton into her carriage, and securing a smile and a sweet "good night" as the carriage rolled away.

"Next morning I saw Bangs, and my first words were:

"Who is Miss Leighton?"

"What, my boy, has Cupid been up to his old tricks?"

"Never mind—answered the question!"

Well, then, Ida Leighton is John Leighton's daughter. The old gentleman is wealthy, has a fine house in town. Miss Ida has a sister, older than she, who as their mother is dead, takes charge of the household affairs and does the motherly for her sister; who, considering that she is an orphan, ought to have the protection of some nice young man like yourself.—No one as yet has been able to find the tender spot in Miss Ida's heart.

"Twenty sought her hand to gain,
And twenty sought her hand in vain,
Were out and didn't come again,
In the ordinary fashion."

"I am going to call upon her to-day."

"Beware! Don't get entangled in the masses of her net, for she'll laugh at you then."

"Don't make me faint-hearted"

"Well go on, you have my best wishes," and Bangs turned away and went whistling down the street.

"An hour afterwards I was setting in Mr. Leighton's drawing room. Ida looked as lovely as upon the previous evening; and the contrast between her sister Sally and herself added. I do not doubt, to her charms.

Sally was at least thirty years of age. She had looked at her face in the mirror so many times and tried to make her immense mouth into a small one, that she had at last settled it into an aggravated pucker, and her sharp nose hung over it as some giant might bend over to look into the crater of Vesuvius.

I did pity Sally, for I knew her face must have felt uncomfortable.

Ida was very social, and when I arose to go I felt I had made an impression upon her heart. I told Bangs so.

"Really, now, Ned, I must confess that I can't see it," he said, taking out his cigar case and proceeding to light a weed:

"You can't!" but I can. Don't you suppose I can tell?"

Well, no. You see, my boy, that woman understands her art to perfection. You'll slip up in your calculations, and take the arsenic train for eternity."

"You are quite cool about it."

"Yes, I have had several friends go the same road, and I'm getting used to it. I always warned them."

Bangs wasn't congenial, at least that time, and so I left him and sought the solitude of my chamber.

Solitude! Bridget was washing and dusting, and had turned everything in the room topsy-turvy.

"Ned," soliloquized I, "you want in a house of your own, and you want a wife to keep it in good order. I'll see about it."

For two weeks I was with Ida the greater part of the time. We rode together, read together, and my love grew stronger, and I didn't doubt it was returned.

But there was one thing that troubled me. I was fearful that Mr. Leighton would not consent to his daughter's marrying a poor man like myself.

"We can elope," thought I; "and as the old gentleman has a cork leg and the gout, he will not be apt to catch us before it is everlastingly too late."

But then, I thought Ida would not consent to that. She was altogether too good to disobey her kind old father, and so I must win them both.

Bangs was better acquainted with Mr. Leighton than I, and so I went to ask his opinion of the chances of my suit being successful with that gentleman.

"Ned," said he, "don't borrow any trouble at all. If you win the daughter, I'll vouch for the father."

"You think I cannot do that?"

"Exactly."

"I will show you your mistake then. To-night I shall lay my heart at her feet."

"I want to know!" cried Bangs, putting his finger on one side of his nasal organ. "Perhaps you shall step on it.—I don't think it would be safe, Ned. However, I should like to go to a wedding, and I hope you'll succeed."

What did I see? A carriage passed me at that moment; Ida was sitting beside a young gentleman, her face turned up to his. I bowed but she did not see me. They were chatting gaily. What could it mean?

It was just in the edge of the evening. I did not stop a moment, for I was determined to know the meaning of this, I would be at the house when Ida returned, and know if it was in reality a rival. I was hoping that it might be a cousin, for I could not believe her false. I could not believe she would even smile upon another. But then, how confidingly she was looking up to him. I had walked very fast, and soon found myself at the door, when a hand was laid upon my shoulder. I turned my head, and Bangs was standing before me!

"Take laudanum—it's the easiest way."

He laughed and went on. I entered the gate and walked up into the house. No one was in the drawing room, and I passed into the library, where I found Mr. Leighton.

"Ida has gone out, has she not?" I asked.

"No, she is in the drawimg room," he replied.

I went back. The gas had not been lit, and it was quite dark, but on the lounge I saw Miss Leighton. How it relieved me.

"I thought you had gone out," said I, taking a seat beside her.

"No. Sister went out with Mr. Davis, riding."

"But haven't you been out?"

"No."

"I thought I saw you."

"No."

"Who is Mr. Davis?"

"He is an old friend of ours. He came from New York to-day."

"Only a friend?"

"I believe sister and he are engaged to be married."

That was consoling. I could hardly believe that I had not seen Ida in the carriage, but if Mr. Davis was engaged to Sally, there was nothing to fear. The moonlight was just stealing into the room. That, and Ida's bright eyes, was light enough. I needed no other. I hardly dared to speak, fearing that it would break the spell and the dear one would vanish like the angels in our dreams. To-night decides my fate. I bent over her. I took her hand. It lay passively in mine. I felt her warm breath on my cheek.

"Dearest," I whispered. She pressed my hand. It thrilled me strangely. I felt the blood tingle in my finger ends, and shoot from my heart to the tips of my toes. I knew then that she loved me. I stole one arm around her waist. "It is needless to tell my love, dearest; you know it already."

"Oh Edward, this is too much happiness for me!" She flung herself upon my breast crying like a child. I kissed her brow; I wiped the tears from her eyes; I sipped the sweet dew off her lips.

"When will you be mine?" I asked, when she had became calm.

"When you will, darling."

"Will your father consent?"

"Doubt it not. He will do anything that will tend to our happiness."

"But I am poor."

"I know it, but father already regards you as kindly as if you were his son. Let us go to him now; he is in the library alone." We got up and went hand in hand to the library. Mr. Leighton had gone out. It was dark, all but where the moonlight shone through the windows, and lay in silver sheets upon the carpet.

"We will wait here till he comes in," said my charmer. Then we sat down on the sofa, and her soft cheek was pressed against mine. I almost dreaded the coming of Mr. Leighton. I was very happy, and often thought to myself, 'what will Bangs say when I tell him all.' Then footsteps and the voice of Mr. Leighton were heard in the hall.

"Sister and Mr. Davis have returned."

"Yes. I hope they will not come in." and I advanced to meet Mr. Leighton, leaving Miss Leighton sitting on the sofa. The gas was lighted. "Mr. Leighton," said I, "perhaps you have anticipated the request I am about to make."

"Well, well, I don't know—what is it?" he asked, looking somewhat surprised.

"You must be aware that my frequent visits to your house were for some purpose."

"To tell the truth I had not thought anything about it.

"What! never suspected my intentions?"

"No." He looked at the sofa, and then at me, while a look of surprise came over his face.

"I think I begin to understand what it is all about now. But, then, who would have thought it?"

"Was it strange?"

"Why, thunder and lightning, boy, she's old enough to be your mother!" What could he mean? I looked at him inquiringly. It was only for a second, for Mr. Davis came in at that moment, and Mr. Leighton turned to him.

"What do you think is up? Sally is going to be married. We'll have two weddings instead of one."

"Sally to be married!" cried some one whose voice I knew then so well.

I turned round quickly. Sally was sitting upon the sofa, blushing like a tiger lily. Horrors! I turned again to see Ida standing beside Mr. Davis, almost ready to burst with suppressed laughter.

"Why what's the matter with you, my boy? You look pale," said Leighton.

"Nothing, sir," I managed to articulate.

"Yes there is. Bring some water, Ida, quick—he is going to faint!"

They laid me upon the sofa, for I was too weak to stand.

"Leave the room, all of you; he is mine only!" cried Sally, bending down and putting that lovely mouth to my lips.

That revived me. I sprang up. The window was open, and without stopping to say, "Good night," I sprang through it, and did not stop till I found myself at Bang's door.

"What's the matter?" cried Bangs, as I rushed into the room where he was sitting. "Where is your hat?"

"I left that at Leighton's."

"Your hat and your heart, I suppose, are laying at the feet of lovely Ida."

"No; worse than that."

"Worse?"

"Yes I have been courting in the dark and have offered myself to—to—Sally."

"Bangs threw himself upon the floor, exclaiming, "O, ye gods, that is rich!" and rolled and laughed until I thought he would die in convulsions. I left him in that state and hurried home to pack my trunks.

"At twelve o'clock that night I took a private conveyance and left the town, never to return.

I saw Ida's marriage in a paper soon after; but Sally doubtless mourns for her lover as for one dead.

Deferred Articles.

A few Words for Pharaoh.

Brother Lawrence, of the *Religious Telescope* gets off the following bit of clever irony at the expense of the Northern advocates of slavery:

Ever since we were old enough to go to church we have heard of old King Pharaoh spoken of, in terms of disrespect. Preachers all seem to "have a pick at him," more especially at his heart, which, if you would believe them, was as hard as granite! They always tell one side of the story; let us give the other.

Pharaoh was King of Egypt, in Africa, a country once celebrated for its science, its corn crops, and its masons. When the Pharaoh, about whose heart we hear so much, was on the throne, the Egyptians owned about two millions of slaves—descendants of a certain white man name Abraham. These slaves were multiplying very rapidly; were in the main contented; and were "better off," by far, than the most of us. Pharaoh and the Egyptians were much attached to them, made all their laws, and had nothing in the wild world to do but work, eat and be jolly.—Their masters had all the trouble.

But they were multiplying too fast, (so well off were they,) and Pharaoh was induced to order that, after a certain day all the the male slave children born should be drowned or strangled like kittens. This looks bad, and the preachers have made the most of it; but, let us remember his motive. It was to make slave insurrections impracticable. Now, we all know what a horrible thing a slave insurrection is. Stump orators sometimes tell us of St. Domingo. Pharaoh thought his slaves might be incited by some miserable fanatic like John Brown to rise, and then who would they do but cut throats, burn houses, ravish their dusky mistresses, and run pitchforks through the curly-headed children of their good masters. Who will say, that, in view of all these possible horrors, it was not best just to send the little Hebrew slave boys of one or two generations, to Heaven where they would be better off?

It is true, too, that whipping and beating, even to death, were rather common, and that women even, were not spared; but, to offset this, they had plenty of leeks, onions, and other savory things to eat, and all they could do. They had no concern of mind, no schools to attend, no laws to make, no cares to furrow their cheeks, nothing to do but work, eat and be jolly.

We are certain that if a correspondent of the *London Times* had taken a boat ride on the Nile in those days, he would have failed for language to describe the happy condition of the chivalrous Egyptian masters and their contented slaves.

But alas! they were waked from this blissful dream of happiness by an impertinent agitator named Moses, a well educated man, but like too many now, he made a bugbear of himself by his ultraism. He was a kind of Yankee interloper. When he saw an Egyptian beating a brother man cruelly, instead of helping to subdue the wretch, as he should have done, he smote the oppressor so violently that he died from the blow. For this cause, Moses was obliged to run away. But he could not stay away. He heard something out of a burning bush one day, which inflamed his abolition notions, (fanatics are always having visions,) so he went back to Egypt. When he got back, everything was going well. The country was flourishing, the people were united, taxes were low, and trade prosperous. If Pharaoh had hung him at once, a great deal of trouble would have been avoided. But Moses insisted on the emancipation of all the Hebrews. Think of that! Slavery was an old institution, the slaves were happy, and worth about $200,000,000! How could Moses ask such a sacrifice of property? He claimed that God had sent him—that the Israelites were oppressed and all that; but Moses was a minister; what right had he to meddle with slavery in Egypt, a purely "political question?" The other preachers in Egypt were faithful to Ammon, and let slavery alone. How much better it would have been if Moses had done as our American Tract Society, and as several of our popular churches have done—preached the Bible and kept out of the dirty water of politics! But nothing would satisfy him but emancipation.

Of course the pride of the Egyptians was touched. They were a chivalric race, with hot Southern blood. They knew their rights. To show their contempt for Moses, they increased the task of their slaves and whipped them harder. The Hebrews themselves entreated Moses to go away and let them alone. But he went on, and kept up the excitement until the whole land was convulsed. Millions of dollars worth of grain and stock were sacrificed, and there was mourning for the "first born," in every house.

At length Pharaoh was over persuaded and like our weak-minded President, issued an edict of emancipation, and away the slaves went, *en masse*. But, after they were gone, his reason returned. There was a reaction in the public mind. The people failed to endorse the proclamation. Pharaoh's heart yearned for his poor slaves, who had no experience and could not take care of themselves; and so he started after them with a great army, and had it not been for a sudden fresh of water, he would in all probability have accomplished his humane designs. But the water in the Red Sea got too deep, and the "copperhead" Egyptians, who were determined to resist the designs of Providence, were engulphed in the briny deep.

Letter from a Loyal Southern Gentleman.

A recent visit to and a constant correspondence with the South, has convinced the writer of this article of the correctness of the views advanced in his communication to your valuable paper some months since. The fanatics on both sides who have asserted that the people of the South have stand are a unit in their antagonism to the United States Government are in the wrong, and the falsity of their assertions is every day becoming apparent. Every Southerner knows that a majority of the white population of his particular section, are not in favor of establishing any stronger form of government than that set up by our fathers, and that they have no interest in, but, on the contrary, have an interest against the maintenance of slavery, which only operates in competition with their labor. Every Southerner knows there are not over two thousand persons, all told, in that portion of the United States now in rebellion, who are directly interested as slave owners in upholding slavery, and that a majority of them are not disposed to abandon a republican form of government as a failure. It is true that the politicians of the South who fomented and still control the rebellion, do regard a monarchy as the best form of government, and have been and are laboring insiduously to get their opinion adopted by the people who put them in power. They have already established a rigid military despotism, which, so long as the war continues, will answer their purposes well enough, but in the event their rebellion were to prove a success, which is now more improbable than ever, what would become of them in case their armies were disbanded before some stronger form of government were adopted and organized? They have pondered well upon this question. They know what in that event would be their fate.

The writer of this article, having been born in the South, having always resided there, and having been in five of the seceded States within the last six months, is perhaps better qualified to judge of public sentiment in the South than those who have never been there. Those residing elsewhere, who are known as "sympathizers with the South," are not entitled to be so designated.—They do not sympathize with the majority of the white population of the South but with the politicians that are riding them to their ruin.

The question is often asked, why, if such be the state of the case, do not the masses in the South rise up, and, after deposing the rulers, return to their allegiance? It is easily answered. They lack arms, munitions of war, and organization, all of which are in the despotic control of Mr. Jefferson Davis and his confederates. After having been abandoned to their fate in portions of Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia and Texas, by our government, it is not to be expected that the people of any portion of the seceded States will now declare themselves for the Union until they see clearly that they will receive permanent protection.

It is not at all strange that Mr. Jefferson Davis's health seems to be giving way under the pressure to which he has been, is, and must continue to be, subjected. What has become of the flattering inducements held out by him and his associates in the conspiracy to us, the people of the South? Have we had "peaceable secession?" Has the export duty on cotton filled the treasury of the so-called Southern Confederacy by paying the interest on the bonds issued by Mr. Memminger? Have the great Powers of Europe intervened and opened our ports? Have the Democrats of the North held their party ties stronger than their allegiance to their government, and consented to help out the treason of those who regard a republican form of government as a failure? Thus far, what have the leaders of the South gained by the war they inaugurated save a stay of execution? They know that their doom is fixed, and they are only fighting for delay. If such is not the case, why are so many of the knowing ones among them occupied in converting, at a ruinous sacrifice, their assets into gold or sterling exchange? Where has Gen. Stirling Price sent his personal effects, and why? Where have Floyd, Slidell, and a host of the contractors of the so-called Confederacy, put their available means? Why are millions worth of exchange and gold, not to speak of government cotton, quietly escaping out of the limits of "Secessia" by the only safe route left open by the neglect of President Lincoln's administration—by way of Matamoras?

The "Northern men with Southern principles" who, like Slidell, have ridden the South for years past, and yet ride it, have a prudent consideration for the future. Though, like rats, they may instinctively desert their sinking ship, they have their hoards for future use in places of safety abroad.

Gen. Hunter's Letter to Jeff. Davis.

The following letter from General Hunter to Jeff. Davis is printed in the *Free South*, dated May 30th:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH,
HILTON HEAD, PORT ROYAL, April 28.

Jefferson Davis, Richmond Va.:

The United States flag must protect all its defenders, white, black or yellow. Several negroes in the employ of the Government in the Western Department have been cruelly murdered by your authorities and others sold into slavery. Every outrage of this kind against the laws of humanity which may take place in this department shall be followed by the immediate execution of the rebel of the highest rank in my possession. Man for man, these executions will certainly take place, for every one murdered, or sold into slavery worse than death. On your authorities will rest the responsibility of this barbarious policy, and you will be held responsible in this world and the world to come for all blood thus shed.

In the month of August last you declared all those engaged in arming the negroes, to fight for their country to be felons, and directed the immediate execution of all such as should be captured. I have given you long enough to reflect on your folly. I now give you notice that, unless this order is immediately revoked, I will at once cause the execution of every officer, and every rebel slaveholder in my possession. The poor negro is fighting for liberty in its truest sense; and Mr. Jefferson has beautifully said, "in such a war there is no attribute of the Almighty which will induce him to fight on the side of the oppressor."

You say you are fighting for liberty. Yes, you are fighting for liberty—liberty to keep four millions of your fellow beings in ignorance and degradation; liberty to separate parents and children, husband and wife, brother and sister; liberty to steal the products of their labor, exacted with many a cruel lash and bitter tear; liberty to seduce their wives and daughters; liberty to kill these children with impunity, when the murder cannot be proven by one of the pure white blood. This is the kind of liberty—the liberty to do wrong, which Satan, chief of the fallen angels, was contending for when he was cast into hell.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,
Your most obedient servant,
D. HUNTER, Major General Comdg.

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1863.

The Unorganized Militia's Campaign.

The unprecedented excitement of the last few weeks has served to show not only to, the rest of mankind, but even to ourselves, the latent energy in the breasts of the American people, which only needs some near approaching cause to put it into action and present it visible to the world.

As an example we need only to point to the late general uprising of the people of our own town and vicinity.

On Tuesday, the 16th of June, it was announced that the rebels, having made a raid into Pennsylvania, contemplated injuring the Pennsylvania Rail Road, and that in all probability Altoona would be one point of attack. As noon the question was asked, what shall be done? In the evening it was answered by the departure of 250 men bent on meeting the enemy and driving him back, if indeed he was approaching—and on the morrow these were followed by fully as many more, giving us a battallion of over five hundred men, under command of Lieut. Col. Sxink, of the late 125th Regiment. The advance of these were marched on the 16th to McGee's Gap, where breast works were already begun by workmen who had been sent in advance. On the 17th these men labored all day on these works, and at night started for a further march, and were joined not only by the remainder of their own battallion, but by an equal number from Hollidaysburg, Tyrone and other parts of the county, (another portion of the Hollidaysburg men having been sent to Pattonsville.) making one thousand strong, which were joined on the 18th by six hundred men from Johnstown, under Col. McCartney.

With these—after throwing up some earthworks at Ake's Mills, in Bedford county—the march was resumed on the evening of the 19th for Bedford and Bloody Run. The former place was reached the same night, and on the morrow this hastily gotten up force joined Gen. Milroy at Bloody Run Here, after a speech from Gen. Milroy, the Altoona Battallion left the army of Cambria and Blair and took up their line of march for McConnellsburg in Fulton county, which place they reached at noon on the 22d, and immediately proceeded to take possession of the mountain passes East of that place, through which the Chambersburg and Mercersburg pikes pass. Here, the men having traveled so far and as yet having seen no rebs, began to feel that all was a hoax, and being unorganized began to drop off for home, singly and in squads, until not over one hundred and twenty of that "proud army" remained. Here this handful lay holding these two points, three miles apart, until the evening of the 24th, when a rebel force numbering not less than three thousand, consisting of cavalry, infantry and artillery, advanced upon them. Being outnumbered and "*out flanked*," discretion was considered the better part of valor," and the militia retired, not in panic, but in good order, bringing off their wagons and substance, which was very nearly being captured by being in advance and taking the wrong road, having to return through the lower part of the town while the rebs were in the upper part. Thus the force which started out, five hundred strong, returned by way of Mount Union, after ten days active service—able to bear but one hundred muskets.

Horrible stories have been told about the attacks made by this army upon hen-roosts and spring-houses, but as a general thing they are untrue.

It is a fact, that part of our way seemed to lie in an enemy's land, and the boys did capture some contraband chickens which they say with rebel ingratitude attempted to bite them. Perhaps some few Union men suffered, *but we judge they were few. They'll forgive the militia.*

It would be but an act of justice to say here that an independent company, led by Captain Wallace of Huntingdon, and some 10 or 12 of the twelfth cavalry, led by Capt. Hartman of this place, did some efficient skirmishing a mile or two above McConnelsburg where two of the twelfth and a volunteer from Lewistown were wounded. All honor to these men, and we are glad to hear that all came off with their lives.

The 90 Day Service.

Immediately on the return of the militia, Gov. Curtin having called for 60,000 men for 90 days, for State defence. Capts. Campbell and Huff began to raise companies of infantry and Capt. J. M. Bell a company of Cavalry, all of which were completed, and sworn in and started for Camp Rendevous at Huntingdon on the 2d inst.

Previous to starting Capt. Huff was the recipient of a beautiful sword, the gift of the men of his command. It was presented on their behalf by Hon. L. W. Hall and received by the Captain in person. We give below the officers and number of men in each company, viz.: Cavalry—Capt. J. M. Bell, 1st Lieut. Marshal McCormick, 2d Lieut. John B. Cunningham and 92 men. Infantry—Old company D, Capt. T. E. Campbell, 1st Lieut. W. B. Blake, 2d Lieut. B. F. Rumbarger and 79 men. Old company K, Capt. H. B. Huff, 1st Lieut. J. H. Bryan, 2d Lieut. Geo. W. Russel and 81 men.

There is also a body of men under command, we believe, of Col. Sxink, called the Mountain Sharpshooters, from this place, in camp. Whether a full company or not we are not able to say, as we could secure no account of them.

We visited the boys in camp yesterday and thought their new clothes looked very well. They seem to be enjoying themselves, and all unite in saying that there shall be no chicken raids in old mother Huntingdon. They think the mass of the people around them are loyal. They do not fear that they will be "bitten by rebel chickens" but think that they will grow corpulent under the sustenance the ladies of ye ancient borough are giving them. One of the boys, in his joy, told us he never got such good eating in his life. He thought no wonder the men of Huntingdon looked so pleasant with such wives, daughters and sweethearts. We hope their shadows may never grow less.

Efforts are being made to raise one or two additional companies here. We cannot at present say how they are succeeding.

TAKE NOTICE.—We take the following extract from a letter from our Washington correspondent. Let those who have friends in the Potomac army read it, and be careful of all sharks. Of course our correspondent is booked up in the matter:

In your last week's paper I notice the advertisement of a *certain individual* in this city who proposes to give to friends at home information by letter, of their friends or relatives in the Army of the Potomac or in any of the army Hospitals, by enclosing him *one dollar*. Let me kindly caution your readers against *all such gull-traps*. I made special inquiry in reference to this matter at the office of the Sanitary Commission here, and they kindly informed me that they knew nothing of this party, and that this is intended to be a *swindling* operation, to deceive the ignorant, and if he answers letters at all he would be likely to go to the Books of the Sanitary Commission for information. If you want information in regard to any sick or wounded soldier in any Hospital in this Department you will get it gratuitously (without even enclosing a stamp) by addressing "office Sanitary Commission," Washington, D. C.

THE DRAFT.—From numerous correspondents of the press in Washington, we learn that it has been determined that, while all persons coming within the provisions of the act of enrollment for calling out the national forces are to be enrolled, nevertheless, under the first enrollment, those who were in the military service at the time the act went into effect, namely, the 3d of March last, are not to be included in that class which is subject to the first draft. Those of the second class are not to be included in that class which is subject to the first draft. Those of the second class are not to be called out until those of the first class shall have been exhausted. This second class will include the returned nine months volunteers, who were in service on the third of March last, and, consequently, will not be called on until the first class shall have been reduced to that minimum which will require another draft by the national authorities.

The Situation.

The absence of the entire force of printers, with one exception, rendered it impossible for us to issue a paper within the past three weeks. The loss, however, is to ourselves and not to our subscribers, as we have to make up all the lost numbers. Considering the circumstances which called our hands into the military ranks, we feel sure that our subscribers will freely forgive us.

To attempt to give a faithful account of the scenes enacted and the universal excitement of the last three weeks, is out of the question at this time. They would fill a book. With them, our readers are generally as well acquainted as ourselves, therefore we will not repeat them, but confine our reports to the latest news from the grand armies of the Union and rebellion, lately, and probably at this time, engaged in a dreadful conflict on Pennsylvania and Maryland soil. The following we take form the papers of this (Monday) morning:

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM GEN. MEADE.

GETTYSBURG, Friday, July 3, 1863.

The third day's battle began this morning at 4 o'clock. The fight was commenced by the rebels on our right. The fight there has been unceasing, and the irregularity of the fire—slack and scattering for awhile, and then heavy and continuous—indicates reinforcements on both sides.

Sixteen hundred prisoners thus far during the engagement have been sent to the rear, and more are here.

Important dispatches have been captured by Capt. Dahlgren and Kline, the gallant scout, from Jeff Davis and Cooper to Gen. Lee. They indicate anxiety for the safety of Richmond. Both decline to send Lee the reinforcements from Beauregard which he asked for.

HANOVER, Friday, July 3, 1863.

The most terrific fight of the war has taken place. Our men stood up heroically. To-day was the most awful of all. The loss on both sides has been tremendous. The rebel Generals Longstreet and Barksdale were mortally wounded and have since died.

MOUNT CLARE, July 3.

The fight raged furiously till ten o'clock last night. We took Gettysburg, occupying two-thirds of the field—the rebels the other third.

Gen. Sickles was wounded about 5 o'clock, in the right leg, which was subsequently amputated. He is doing well.

Gen. Meade says that the troops are in excellent spirits and eager for the battle.

On Wednesday's battle, Gen. Meade says, the enemy far out-numbered us on the field, but that our men behaved admirably, and that the battle was one of the hardest fought actions of the war.

The authorities have the names, as we are informed, of ten citizens of Carlisle, Pa., who outtraitored traitors in abasing themselves before the Rebel Gen. Jenkins. They assured him that they were friends to the Southern Confederacy, and begged him to parole them, that they might not be drafted to fight against it. Gen. Jenkins welcomed them to his bosom, but remarked that, since they were such friends to the Southern cause, they were of course willing to fight for it, and actually put some of them into his ranks! Before the joke was played through they began to repent of their truculent cowardice, and beg off, when the rebel General informed them that such men in the South would be shot, without judge or jury.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, July 3, 8.35 P. M.

The enemy opened at one o'clock P. M. with one hundred and fifty guns concentrated on our left and centre, and fought three hours. He then assaulted our entire lines but was handsomely repulsed, with a very severe loss in dead and wounded, and leaving 3,000 prisoners in our hands.

Brigadier General Armstead and many other officers were killed and captured.

The enemy left many dead and wounded in our hands. Our losses are considerable.

Major General Hancock and Brigadier General Gibbons are wounded.

Gen. Meade pursued the enemy and found them in force on his left.

All is quiet now.

Our cavalry is doing great things and the army is in fine spirit.

HANOVER, 5 P. M., July 4.

There has been no fighting up to this time to-day.

Last evening we drove the enemy back to Gettysburg.

Our lines this morning extend eight miles around Gettysburg.

Our batteries being on the hills looking on the town from the South.

We occupy Round Top Ridge, commanding the Chambersburg turnpike and have cut off all lines of the retreat.

Our forces occupy the strongest possible position. A flank movement on our left is impossible.

At about 8 o'clock last night the Florida Brigade of General Longstreet's division, with a Brigadier General in command, advanced to within our lines and give themselves up with their colors.

A bearer of dispatches from Jeff. Davis to Gen. Lee has been captured. The dispatches order General Lee particularly to retreat to Richmond; he states the movement into Pennsylvania was totally against his wishes.

The following were among the officers killed and wounded in yesterday's engagement:

Col. Taylor, of the Bucktail regiment, a brother to Bayard Taylor.

Lieut. Col. Miles, of the same regiment.

Lieut. Metzer, of Philadelphia is wounded.

Major Kenedy of the Eleventh New Jersy regiment was wounded in the knee.

We have captured at least eight thousand prisoners.

PHILADELPHIA, July 5, 1863.

The following dispatch has been received at the War Department.

FREDERICK, Md., July 4th—8 P. M.

TO GEN. HALLECK, *General-in-Chief*:

An expedition sent out by me has just returned, having entirely destroyed the enemy's pontoon bridge over the Potomac at Williamsport, capturing the guard, consisting of a lieutenant and thirteen men.

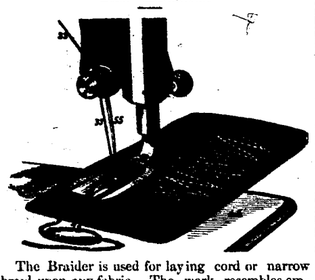
(Signed,) W. H. FRENCH, Maj. Gen.

GLORIOUS NEWS.

VICKSBURG SURRENDERED.

We have just received intelligence, purporting to be official, that Vicksburg surrendered to our forces on the 4th day of July.

The Braider.



The Braider is used for laying cord or narrow braid upon any fabric. The work resembles embroidery and is popular for ornamenting children's clothes, morning dresses, slippers, caps, ect.

HOW ARE OUR DRESSES TO BE MADE?—A contemporary answers the foregoing question in the following lively manner:—"By a sewing machine, of course. We trust that the day is over in which needle drudgery sets a feeble opposition to the musical click of the Wheeler & Wilson machine. A lady who says she does not know how to use a sewing machine, is looked upon with as much distrust as a lady who says she don't like babies? Side by side, in every home, we see the piano and sewing machine.—Of course, people have a right to their perferences, but give *us* the merry little musician whose crystal eye and silver tongue not only fill the ear with melody, but set the pulses of life and health throbbing anew in the weary hearts of a million women. Is it not better than all the pianos ever turned? Some of the newest improvements to the Wheeler & Wilson machine, are the Binder, Braider and Corder, all of which ladies find indispensable. The Braider is particularly appropriate to the present mania for decorating everything with braid "I do not know what we should do without the Wheeler & Wilson Braider," said the director of one of our fashionable mantilla establishments, when we inquire *how* those tasteful labyrinths of braid were laid on, and his words are echoed in every home in the land.—Really, we scarcely know which blessing to wish our young lady friends—a Wheeler & Wilson machine or a husband We rather incline to the former, for they can exist minus the matrimonial alliance, but *can't* do without a sewing machine. What do you say, girls?"

R. O. A. Kerr, Agent.

How the Rebels are Taxed in the South.

If any one in the North is dissatisfied with his taxes, he should go to the South, the country which is called "the only remaining home of liberty on this continent." The Richmond *Sentinel* of the 25th of May publishes in full the tax act of the rebel Congress. The various parts are condensed below: "The first section levies a tax of eight per cent. on the value of all naval stores, salt, wines, spirituous liquors, tobacco manufactured or unmanufactured, cotton, wool, flour, sugar, molasses, syrups, rice and other agricultural productions.' Bankers are taxed $500; auctioneers $50, and 2½ per cent. on their gross amount of their sales; wholesale liquor dealers are taxed $200 and 5 per cent. on their gross sales; retail liquor dealers pay $100 and 10 per cent. of gross sales; distillers pay $200 and 20 per cent. of gross sales; hotels and eating-houses pay according to the yearly rental of their property, from $80 a year down to $30; theatres pay $500 and 5 per cent. of gross receipts; tobacconists pay $50 and 5 per cent. of gross sales; billiard rooms pay $40 for each table; butchers and bakers pay $50 and 2½ per cent. of sales; photographers, lawyers, apothecaries, doctors and confectioners pay $50 each, with a tax on all but lawyers and doctors of 2½ per cent. of sales. Incomes are taxed as follows: over $500 and under $1,000 a year, 5 per cent.; over $1,500 and less than $3,000 a year, 5 per cent. on the first $1,500 and 10 per cent. on the rest; over $3,000 and less than $5,000, 10 per cent; over $5,000 and less than $10,000, 12½ per cent.; over 10,000, 15 per cent."

Farmers are taxed savagely. We copy the provision verbatum: "SEC. 11. Each farmer and planter in the Confederate States, after reserving for his own use fifty bushels of sweet potatoes and fifty bushels of Irish potatoes, one hundred bushels of corn and fifty bushels of wheat produced in the present year, shall pay and deliver to the Confederate government, of the products of the present year, one tenth of the wheat, corn, oats, rye, buckwheat, or rice, sweet and Irish potatoes, and of the cured hay and fodder; also one tenth of the sugar molasses made of cane, cotton, wool and tobacco; the cotton ginned and packed in some secure manner, and tobacco shipped and packed in boxes, to be delivered by him on or before the first day of March in the next year.—Each farmer or planter, after reserving twenty bushels of peas or beans, but not more than twenty bushels of both, for their own use, shall deliver to the Confederate government, for its use, one tenth of the peas oeans and ground peas produced and gathered by him during the present year."

ENROLLING OFFICER SHOT.—David Cathcart, enrolling officer for Knox township, Clearfield county, was shot the other day, and dangerously wounded. It seems as he was riding along the road, and having just passed a thicket of pines, some concealed and cowardly wretch shot him, the ball taking effect in the heel and lodging in the front part of the foot, where it still remains. This quickly followed by another, which struck the horse on the front leg, cutting it severely. The horse on being shot, jumped and threw Mr. Cathcart off, and he remained lying on the road until some of the neighbors came along, who caught the horse and assisted Mr. C. in reaching his home. The wound inflicted on Mr. Cathcart is a severe one, and, it is said, the old man is in rather a critical condition, and may loss his foot if not his life.

CIRCULAR TO THOSE WIDE-AWAKE TO THEIR OWN INTERESTS.—The subscriber would respectfully announce to the public that he has returned from the East with his large and well assorted stock of goods, bought at the lowest cash prices, which he will dispose of at his usual small advance.

OUR MOTTO.

"The nimble dime better than the slow dollar."

Come one, come all and be convinced that the cash system is to your advantage, and you will go away with the resolve that my establishment is the place to save money. No charge for showing goods. Call and examine.

I would respectfully invite your attention to my well selected assortment of Ladies and Misses' Dry Goods, containing all the late and most desirable styles of dresses to be found in the Eastern markets, among which may be had, Mozambiques, Celliques, Killarney Checks, Union Checks, Sheperds Plads, Linen Lustres, Silk Poplins, a full and complete stock of fancy and plain Flannels and Shirtings, Linen, Muslin, Ladies and Gents Gloves and Hosiery, and a tremendous stock of Austin Kelly & Co's Patent Hoop Skirts, from four to fifty springs, which I can sell at least 25 per cent. below Philadelphia retail prices. Also a great variety of Cloaking Cloths, varying in price from 75 cts to $2,25 per yard, and the largest assortment of Cassimers Sattinetts Tweeds, Jeans, ect., that is to be found in the country.

Carpeting and oil cloths in great variety at lowest prices.

LOOK.—My stock of groceries are selling a few cents below my would-be-rivals, who "can't see it." The cash system syrups still range from 40 to 70 cts. per gallon. Government coffee, bought before the late late heavy advances, I am selling at 22 cts per pound. It is superior to all the new fangled substitutes now selling.

BEHOLD.—Our teas range from the low price of 60 cts. per pound, upwards.

EXCELSIOR.—Our would-be-competitors stand aghast when they know we have the heaviest and best assorted stock of crockery, china, glass and delph ware to be found in any establishment between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, and that we sell cheaper than they can buy. "They are superb," is the common exclamation on examining our China Tea Sets, ranging in price from $12 to $20, which is lower than they can be purchased in Pittsburgh. We are selling to people from all the surrounding counties, because we keep a large stock from which to select, and sell cheap. One examination will suffice to convince any one that we are not puffing our goods.

All kinds of ornamental flower vases, mugs, glassware, and in fact all kinds of crockery ever imagined, we keep on hand. We are still selling the celebrated Wedgewood Iron Stone Sets for $5.00, which is 25 cts. cheaper than they can be bought for in Philadelphia or Pittsburg retail market.

"I can't see how it is done?" is the query. Well, we will tell you the secret—it is *cash only*. By this means I am enabled to increase my business and stock steadily, while other establishments are glad to decrease theirs. We are not compelled to add large profits to make up for losses by bad debts, and we save by paying cash for goods instead of buying on time and paying a higher figure.

FATHERS & MOTHERS.—Our stock of children's carriages and coaches are just the thing for those who value the health of their children more than the small amount we charge for them. Those who use a carriage once will never go back to the old-fashioned way of dragging children around in their arms. Call and see our stock of infant carriages and cabs.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, of which I am the sole Agent for Blair and Huntingdon counties, are the best machines ever used. They are perfect and warranted for two years. I do not ask you to buy unless you are satisfied you are saving money by so doing.

R. A. O. KERR.

Altoona May, 9th, 1863.

A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

JOHN CESSNA,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, HARRISBURG, July 1st, 1863.

PENNSYLVANIA SS.

I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

SEAL

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

July 7, 1863.-te.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c. Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

Put up in 25c. 50c. and $1 00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for HOTELS, PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
☞ Sold by all DRUGGIST and RETAILERS everywhere.
☞ !! BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR,
☞ Principal Depot 482 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona, Pa.
April 7, 1863.-6m*.

LADIES CONGRESS HEELED GAITERS, $1.25.
CHILDRENS CONGRESS HEELED GAITERS,
CHILDRENS LASTING HEELED BALMORALS.
MISSES' GAITERS,
all very cheap, at the "MODEL."
June 9, 3t.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS just received and for sale by
(Oct. 15-tf) J. B. HILEMAN

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at
-tf. G. W. KESSLER'S.

A Benefit to All.

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

A trial will prove the fact, and facts are stubborn things.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS
ARE SUCCESSFUL IN EVERY CASE.

No family should be without it. Hundreds of certificates and letters of thanks are arriving every day from persons who have been cured.

THE HERB BITTERS
have never failed in curing
RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA,

Female Irregularities, and all Diseases arising from
IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD,

As a Blood Purifier, Tonic and General Appertiser, these Bitters are without a rival. No Lady during
A CLEAR COMPLEXION
should be without it. Please get a circular and certificates from our Agent.

B. MISHLER,
Manufacturer and Proprietor,
LANCASTER, PA.

NOTICE.—The great success of Mishler's Herb Bitters has induced unprincipled parties to manufacture a worthless article, which they are selling at a low price, *of which beware.* The genuine can only be bought in Blair County, of G. W. WHITFIELD,
(Sole Agent for Blair County,)
Depot Drug Store, Main street, Altoona, Pa.
June 2d, 1863-tf.

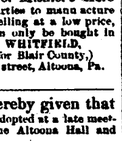
NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following resolution was adopted at a late meeting of the Board of Managers of the Altoona Hall and Market Company:—

Resolved, That the second instalment of 10 per cent. on the stock subscribed for, be made payable on the 20th day of the present month, (May) and that the balance of the subscription be made payable in monthly instalments of 10 per cent each, on the 15th day of each succeeding month, until the whole amount is paid in.

Persons wishing to take stock in the company can still be accommodated, there being a few shares yet unsold.

Altoona, May 19th.-tf. B. F. ROSE, *Treasurer.*

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers at Private Sale, a Valuable Property, situate on Branch Street, East Altoona, immediately opposite the Machine Shops.



The house is well built and nearly new, and contains fifteen rooms, with good cellars. It is calculated for three families and at the most reasonable terms will bring $20 per month rent. There is a well of good water in the yard. Terms easy.

Apply to Michael Wyrough, on the premises, or to Jas. Kearney at his store, in East Altoona.
June 2d, 1863-3t.*

PAINTING, GLAZING and PAPER-HANGING.—The subscriber desires to inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he is prepared to undertake any amount of work in his line, and he feels confident from his long experience in the business, that he can render entire satisfaction both as to prices and the finish he puts upon his work. Estimates made at any time.

Persons having work in my line to execute may save money by calling upon me.

Residence on Harriet street, nearly opposite the United Brethren Church, East Altoona. J. A. DARR.
April 21, 1863.-2m.

$10 REWARD.—Strayed away from the premises of the subscriber, in Altoona, on the 13th of May, a BAY MARE, with a severe cut on the inside of the right hind leg, by which she may be easily recognized. She is supposed to be in the neighborhood of Sugar Run or Gallitzin.

The above reward will be paid to any person delivering her to the subscriber, or giving information where she may be found.

JOSEPH R. SMITH.
Altoona, June 9th, 1863.-3t.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of James Flowers, late of Altoona, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing as aforesaid.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them without delay, duly authenticated for settlement.

MARY FLOWERS.
May 12, 1863-6t* *Administratrix.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.—On and after JULY 1st, 1863, the privilege of converting the present issue of LEGAL TENDER NOTES INTO THE NATIONAL SIX PER CENT. LOAN (commonly called "Five Twenties" will cease.)

All who wish to invest in the Five-Twenty Loan, must, therefore, apply before the 1st of JULY next.

JAY COOKE,
April 14th, 63.] Subscription Agent,
[3m] No. 114 S. THIRD St., Philadelphia.

WASTE NOT—WANT NOT.

To the People of Altoona and vicinity.

The undersigned takes this method of informing the Public that he has just arrived from the city and located in Altoona, where he is prepared to buy up OLD WOOLEN RAGS, BRASS, COPPER AND PEWTER. He will pay the highest price in cash for all such articles, at the corner of Allegheny and Branch sts., adjoining W. T. Marriott's store.

May 28, 1863.-3m*.] F. BRADBURY.

FRITCHEY & MILLER, NEW store, corner of Caroline and Virginia Sts.

FRESH BUTTER & EGGS EVERY Thursday, for sale by FRITCHEY & MILLER.

COAL OIL!—A NO. 1 COAL OIL just received and for sale, at 48 cents per gallon, by FRITCHEY & MILLER.

BROOMS, BRUSHES, TUBS AND Baskets of all descriptions, qualities and prices for sale by FRITCHEY & MILLER.

WORRELL'S PREPARED COFFEE Just received and for sale by FRITCHEY & MILLER.

JERSEY PLAIN HAMS & SHOULDERS, just received and for sale by FRITCHEY & MILLER.

BOSTON CRACKERS—A LARGE supply of these delicious crackers just received and for sale by FRITCHEY & MILLER.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR, FROM the Cove, always on hand and for sale as low as the lowest by FRITCHEY & MILLER.

COFFEES, SUGARS, AND SYRUPS of all grades, and at reasonable prices, for sale by FRITCHEY & MILLER.

MACKEREL—NOS. 1, 2, AND 3, in all sized packages, new, and each package warranted, just received and for sale low by FRITCHEY & MILLER.

SUPERIOR STOCK OF LIQUORS. FRITCHEY & MILLER are now able to offer to their customers and the public at large, a stock of the purest liquors ever brought into this market, comprising in part the following varieties

WHISKY—IRISH, SCOTCH, OLD BOURBON.
WINE—PORT, SHERRY, OLD MADEIRA.
OTARD, DUPEY & CO. PALE BRANDY.

These liquors can all be warranted; and in addition to these, FRITCHEY & MILLER have on hand a large variety of Wines, Whisky and Brandy, to which they invite the particular attention of the public.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

CARPETS.

A fresh supply of those VERY CHEAP CARPETS have been received at the "MODEL."
June 9, 3t.

ONE HUNDRED

SUN UMBRELLAS, in Cotton, Gingham, Satteen and Silk, all sizes and colors, just opening at the "MODEL."
June 9, 3t.]

NEW STYLES

In DRESS GOODS, SHAWS, &c., can always be seen by calling at the "MODEL."
June 9. 3t.

THE LATEST ARRIVAL!

We have just received another large supply of SEASONABLE GOODS, which we are able to offer at greatly REDUCED PRICES.
June 9, 3t.] J. & J. LOWTHER.

DRESS GOODS, PLAID AND STRIPED MOZAMBIQUES, FINE MOZAMBIQUES, only 25 cts. per yard. FRENCH LAWNS, only 12½ cts. per yard, at the "MODEL."
June. 9, 3t.

HOOP SKIRTS FOR CHILDREN,
HOOP SKIRTS FOR MISSES'
HOOP SKIRTS FOR LADIES,
June 9, 3t.] "MODEL."

Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,

THE GREAT REMEDY

FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS AND WOUNDS, PILES, HEADACHE, AND ALL RHEUMATIC AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success.

AS AN ALLEVIATOR OF PAIN, it is unrivalled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This Liniment will cure rapidly and radically, RHEUMATIC DISORDERS of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never been known to fail.

FOR NEURALGIA, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst cases of HEADACHE in three minutes and is warranted to do it.

TOOTHACHE also will it cure instantly.

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY AND GENERAL LASSITUDE arising from imprudence or excess, this Liniment is a most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revivifies the system, and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

FOR PILES.—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the *best* known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief, and in majority of cases will effect a *radical* cure

QUINSY AND SORE THROAT are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this Liniment will never fail to cure.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.

BRUISES, CUTS, WOUNDS, SORES, ULCERS, BURNS AND SCALDS, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, when used according to directions. Also, CHILBLAINS, FROSTED FEET, AND INSECT BITES AND STINGS.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
The Great Natural Bone Setter.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
Is known all over the United States.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
Is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Rheumatism and never fails.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is a certain remedy for Neuralgia.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Headache immediately and was never known to fail.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Toothache in one minute.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately and leaves no scar

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best remedy for sores in the known world.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Taken internally cures Colic, Cholera Morbus and Cholera.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents.

A FRIEND IN NEED. TRY IT.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, as an external remedy, is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a curative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its soothing, healing and powerful strengthening properties excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over one thousand certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, attest the fact.

TO HORSE OWNERS!

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivalled by any, and in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the lameness, and enable the horses to travel with comparative ease.

EVERY HORSE OWNER

should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

DR. SWEET'S
INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
IS THE
Soldier's Friend,
And thousands have found it truly
A FRIEND IN NEED!

CAUTION.

To avoid imposition, observe the signature and Likeness of Dr. Stephen Sweet on every label, and also "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment" blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine.

RICHARDSON & CO.
Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.

MORGAN & ALLEN, General Agents,
48 Cliff Street, New York.

☞ Sold by all dealers every where.
December 4, 1862.-1y.

Altoona Tribune.

Printed on Campbell's $850 "Country Press."

TRIBUNE POWER-PRESS

CARD & JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

Having, within the past two years, made considerable addition to our establishment in the way of new fancy type, Screw Press, Paper Cutter, Card Cutter, Ruling Machine, Card Power Press, and large Newspaper Power Press, (a cut of which we give above) we are now prepared to execute anything in the line of printing or ruling in a style equal to any establishment in the state, and at prices equally low. We can execute, on short notice, all styles of

Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Ball & Business Cards,

Circulars, Programmes,

MAMMOTH POSTERS, SALE BILLS,

BILL AND LETTER-HEADS

Pamphlets, Pay and Check Rolls,

BLANK BOOKS,

MANIFESTS, AND BLANKS OF ALL KINDS.

All we ask is a trial, feeling confident that we can give satisfaction if we have the opportunity.

Office in Lowther's building, corner of Virginia and Annie streets, opposite Superintendent's Office.

Five-Twenty U. S. Loan.

WM. M. LLOYD & CO., Altoona, are subscription agents to dispose of this Five-Twenty Years U. S. Loan. Amounts can be had to suit the means of different individuals—the interest being payable and to be accounted for half-yearly in Gold.

April 14. '63.-1m.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Proceedings of Town Council.

ALTOONA, May 18.

Special meeting of Council. Present, N. J. Mervine, Jacob Hesser, John Loudon, and James Kearney.

Minutes of previous meetings read and approved.

The committee appointed to attend to the suit pending in the Court of Blair County, of J. Brotherline *vs.* Altoona Borough, reported that the case was not reached, and, therefore, was continued until next term.

On motion, the report was accepted and the committee discharged.

On motion, the wages of the Supervisor be fixed at $1.50 per day.

On motion, the wages of laborers be fixed at $1.00 per day.

A bill was presented by J. Wingate, for boarding witnesses on suit of J. Brotherline *vs.* the Borough, amounting to $32.00.

On motion, an order was granted for the amount of bill.

W. W. Snyder, Supervisor, presented his report of labor on streets, amounting to $47.50.

On motion, orders were granted as follows:

W. W. Snyder	$16 87
James Woods	10 27½
H. Johnston	8 52½
R. P. Johnston	4 95
John Dalton	6 88
	$47 50

Mr. C. J. Mann was elected Borough Treasurer.

Mr. James Kearney was appointed a committee of one to urge the auditors to make their report and furnish to Council by next regular meeting.

On motion, an order was granted Joseph K. Ely for $3.84, costs paid to witness on suit of J. Brotherline *vs.* the Borough.

On motion, adjourned to meet the first Monday evening in June.

Attest:

W. B. KETLER, Sec'y to Council.

Regular meeting June 1st. Present, J. McClelland, N. J. Mervine, J. Hesser. J. Loudon and James Kearney.

Minutes read and approved.

The Supervisor presented report of labor on streets, amounting to $103.16.

On motion, orders were granted as follows:

W. W. Snyder	$30 00
James Woods	16 50
Henry Johnston	5 23
John Ryan	12 63
John Dalton	19 53
John Long	6 05
James Wilson	13 20
	$103 16

On motion, an order was granted in favor of Jacob Hesser for $75.76, for cost of witnesses on suit of J. Brotherline *vs.* Borough.

On motion, an order was granted John Bowman for $55.00, for soldiers' supper.

On motion, the Council proceed to McAdamize Allegheny street from Branch to Harriett street, Harriet street from Allegheny to Annie street and Annie from Harriett to Adaline street.

On motion, the Supervisor have fifty notices printed and posted through Borough, in regard to laying and repairing pavements.

Jos. K. Ely was appointed High Constable for the ensuing year.

On motion, Mr. James Kearney was authorized to procure one car load of lumber for the use of Borough.

On motion, adjourned to meet at the call of the President.

Attest:

W. B. KETLER, Sec'y to Council.

Special meeting June 8th, 1863. Present, J. McClelland, J. Hesser, John Loudon, and James Kearney.

The following Ordinance was offered and after discussion, on motion, it was passed as

ORDINANCE NO. 17.

WHEREAS, The Pennsylvania Rail Road Company has, at great expense, constructed a foot-bridge over the several Rail Road tracks, which divide East Altoona from West Altoona, extending from the Oil-house, at the corner of Main and Annie streets, to a point near the North Round House, which bridge is a great benefit to all the citizens of Altoona, as well as a public ornament, which all persons are entitled to use, for *the purposes for which it was constructed*, and it is highly desirable that the same should be preserved uninjured, and kept entirely free and unobstructed for the use of the public; and

WHEREAS, Persons have been observed to stand, loitre, and lounge on said bridge, and to sit on the steps thereof, and to congregate in numbers on the pavements, about the steps, especially at the West end, obstructing, as well the pavements, as the passage of persons to, over and from the bridge; and children have been observed, in a noisy and disorderly manner, playing and running over said bridge, to the discredit of the town, to the annoyance and hindrance of persons passing and repassing, and in derogation of public order: therefore,

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Town Council, of the Borough of Altoona, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That, if any person shall stand, sit, loitre or lounge on said bridge, or on the steps, or platforms thereof, or shall walk or run over said bridge, or on the steps and platforms thereof, for mere pastime or sport, or shall stand on the pavement or pavements, at the West end of said bridge, or near to said pavement or pavements, or near the steps, or under the steps or platform thereof, or sit on the door step or steps, of the Oil-house, in such manner as to obstruct the pavement or pavements, or to impede the progress of persons passing along said pavement or pavements, or to interfere with free access to the steps of said bridge, or to hinder and annoy persons passing to or from said bridge, the person so offending, whether child or adult, being thereof legally convicted before the Chief Burgess, or a Justice of the Peace, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay a fine of not less than one dollar, nor more than five dollars, for the use of the Borough, and in default of the payment thereof, shall be confined in the Lock-Up, at the discretion of the Burgess or committing Magistrate, not exceeding forty-eight hours.

SECTION 2. It shall be the duty of the High Constable to arrest every person who shall violate the first section of this ordinance, and take such person forthwith, before the Burgess, or a Justice of a Peace, to be dealt with according to law.

SECTION 3. If any person shall wantonly disfigure, cut, mark, break, or in any other manner injure said bridge, or the steps, platform or railing thereof, or any part of the wood work about the steps, platforms or railing, the person so offending, being thereof legally convicted, before the Chief Burgess, or a Justice of the Peace, shall forfeit and pay a fine of twenty-five dollars, one half to the use of the informer, and the other half to be paid to the Treasurer, for the use of the Borough, and in default of payment thereof, such person shall be confined in the Lock-Up, at the discretion of the Burgess or committing Magistrate, not exceeding forty-eight hours.

SECTION 4. If any person shall post or affix any bill or bills, advertisement or advertisements, notice or notices, or papers of any description to or upon said bridge, or any part of the wood work about the steps or platforms thereof, the person so offending, being thereof legally convicted, before the Chief Burgess, or a Justice of the Peace, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay a fine of five dollars, for the use of the Borough, and in default of payment thereof, shall be confined in the Lock-Up, at the discretion of the Burgess or committing Magistrate, not exceeding twenty-four hours. Passed the eighth day of June, 1863.

JOHN MCLELLAND,
Pres't of Council.

Attest: JOHN ALLISON,
Chief Burgess.

W. B. KETLER, *Sec'y*

On motion, 25 copies be printed in hand-bill form and posted conspicuously through the Borough; also, published in the Altoona *Tribune*.

On motion, adjourned.

W. B. KETLER, Sec'y to Council.

A NEEDED REFORM.—It is a fact not creditable to the citizens of Altoona, that one-half of them do not know the name of the street upon which they reside. This, however, is not so much their fault as the error of the person or persons who gave the streets their names. It was certainly a great mistake to name them all after ladies'. The difficulty in remembering them, even after you have learned them a dozen times, is experienced by our people and is the remark of every stranger. While there is diversity in name there is too much sameness in association. To be able to remember location and name streets readily, they should have familiar and distinctive names. Three or four of our streets are now pretty well known, because of their containing the principal part of the business houses and being often referred to. These are Branch, Main, Virginia and Annie. These might remain unchanged. They embrace sufficient in the line of ladies' names not to create confusion.

We have several times been requested to refer to this matter, but put it off from week to week, until we are now convinced that if the people of Altoona are ever to be able to give an intelligible answer to strangers or each other, as to the streets and residences, there must be a change of some kind. We hope our citizens will agitate the subject and insist upon the Town Council making an effort to remedy the matter. Let names which will be more readily remembered and easily pronounced be given to the streets not named above.

Another idea has been suggested which we think would greatly assist in fixing names and places in the minds of all, and as we expect this to be a big town, if not a city, in the course of time, the matter should be attended to at once. We refer to the numbering of the houses. Suppose we take the Railroad North and South, and Annie street East and West, as the dividing or centre lines and number the houses from them, increasing in either direction. We would then have North and South Virginia and East and West Annie, and so of all other streets running parallel with them.—The only objection we can see to numbering the houses is the fact that the squares are not all filled up, and that when vacant lots are built upon it would necessitate changes in numbers. We think even this objection might be overcome by the following system. Allow two numbers to each lot in the business part of the town, and one number to a lot on the streets containing private residences. Thus when there is a vacant lot on a square, let one or two numbers be dropped, as the case may be, to be supplied when the lot shall have been built up. If there be more than two doors on a lot, on business squares, let half numbers be supplied, and the same on private streets when there is more than one door on a lot. By this system every person would readily associate the name of the street with the number of their residence and localities would soon become familiar, and when a person is asked where he or she lives, instead of replying "on Annie street, above the Superintendent's office, nearly opposite the Lockup, in John Doe's house," the answer will be "24 Annie Street." How much more readily and explicit. The numbers would cost but a trifle and every landholder, or even the tenant could afford to affix them.

Our excuse for giving so much space to this subject, is a desire to see things started right at first, and confusion and perhaps difficulty avoided hereafter.

"The Wheeler & Wilson is the Machine *par excellency* for family sewing. It is beautiful in model and finish, marvelous and fascinating in execution, and equal in efficiency to ten or twelve pairs of hands."—*Christian Advocate and Journal.*

R. A. O. Keer, of this place, is agent for the sale of these machines in Blair and Huntingdon counties. See advertisement.

CHANGED HANDS.—We notice that the *Juniata True Democrat* has passed into the hands of Joseph Middagh and S. A. McKinzie, by whom it will hereafter be published.

DISASTROUS FIRE.—On Tuesday night of last week our citizens were called from their beds, about one o'clock, by the ringing of the fire bell and cry of fire. So much headway had the flames attained, ere they were discovered, that when the alarm was given there was no difficulty in locating the conflagration, which was at Plack's store near the corner of Virginia and Annie streets. When we arrived on the ground the store building was in flames and fire had been communicated to the tenant houses of Mr. Plack to the North and Mr. Hodnett to the South. The heat and fierceness of the flames from the burning store were increased by a lot of some 2,000 hams, which were in the upper story and a lot of liquors in the cellar.—The double tenant house adjoining the store on the North was occupied by J. W. Humes, Esq., and Mr. King. So quickly did the flames spread through the building that Mr. Humes, who occupied the part adjoining the store, had hardly time to get out a few matters on the first floor and a bed or two on the second floor. Lieut. J. S. Campbell and wife boarded with Mr. Humes and occupied an attic room. Lieut. C. was absent at the time. Mrs. Campbell barely escaped by throwing on the first dress upon which she could lay her hands. Everything belonging to herself and husband was burned excepting the clothes she had on and her gold watch, which some person picked up in her room just as she went out. In Mr. King's part of the house almost everything was removed ere the flames reached them, but many things were more or less damaged and scattered around on the street and in neighboring houses. Adjoining the tenant houses was the residence of Mr. Plack. This also took fire and necessitated the removal of all the household goods. Ere the fire reached it, it was discovered that it could not be saved and everything was removed out in time. Mr. Plack was absent, at Pittsburgh, at the time. The goods in other houses, in that direction, were also removed, but by good management the fire was prevented from extending any further down street.

The double frame building of Mr. Hodnett, on the corner of Virginia and Annie streets was entirely consumed. The half of it adjoining Plack's store was occupied by Mrs. Rigg as a boarding house. The fire having originated in the back part of the store, the flames soon communicated to this building, and although every effort was made to get out the goods, many articles of clothing, and bedsteads, which were in back rooms and on the attic, were burned. The corner half of the house was occupied by Misses M. & E. Hickey as a millinery store and dwelling, and by Dr. E. Teitze as an office and dwelling. The Misses Hickey and Dr. T. succeeded in getting out most, if not all of their goods, but not without having them more or less damaged.

By tearing away the stables and back buildings on the rear of the lots and keeping the buildings wet, the fire was prevented from extending up Annie street.

So far as we can ascertain, nothing but the books and papers of Mr. Plack were saved from the store. As before mentioned, the upper story of the store building was filled with hams and the cellar stored with liquors and groceries. We have not heard him estimate his loss, but understand that he has an insurance of some $10,000 on the store and buildings. Mr. Hodnett's loss is in the neighborhood of $4,000 on which he has an insurance of $2,000.

The loss falls most heavily on Squire Humes. He lost the most and had no insurance on his personal property. The loss to Mrs. Rigg is also heavy but she has more resources.

By this disaster, eight families are thrown out of houses. They have all been kindly taken in by their neighbors, and their goods stored in vacant rooms here and there. Considering the scarcity of houses in the town, there not being a vacant one in the town that we know of, it will be difficult for them to get to housekeeping again.

We now come to speak of the doings of the Good Will Fire Engine and the men who manned her on this trying occasion. It is admitted by all that she never did better work since she came to the place, and she would have done still better had there been hose enough to supply her with a full head of water. She was managed to the very best advantage by the skillful firemen who had charge of her, and to them the citizens of the town are indebted for keeping the fire within the limits of the burnt district. It was found impossible to save any of the buildings that were connected, and the efforts of the firemen were directed mainly to keeping down the flames as much as possible, in order to prevent their spreading to other buildings. In this they succeeded effectually. All honor to the firemen, who, at the risk of personal safety, so gallantly braved the devouring element and beat back its fury. Now let the citizens of Altoona awake to the importance of this Company and do for them instantly what should have been done long since, viz:—pay off the debt still remaining on the engine, and subscribe liberally toward supplying more hose. Where now would be the rows of buildings on Virginia and Annie streets had it not been for the Good Will Fire Engine and her gallant crew? Every man can answer—in ashes.

Our thanks are due to the persons who so willingly assisted in carrying water to the roof of our office, and those who stood upon the roof and applied it, and thereby helped to save the building. When we first arrived at the scene, the heat was so intense on the stairs leading into the office, that we gave up all hopes of saving the concern; but thanks to Providence, (there was no air stirring,) and the good management of the firemen and our friends on the roof, we still survive, although the building was pretty well scorched.

LEG BROKEN.—Some two weeks since, a son of George Levan, of this place, aged about five years, had his leg fractured near the thigh joint. It appears that he and some of his companions were playing in the alley behind the residence of Alex. A. Smyth, when the little fellow accidentally fell and one of his playmates fell over him, causing the fracture. Dr. W. R. Findley was called in to dress the fracture, and the patient is now doing well.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—We learn from the *Whig*, that William Ritts, son of George Ritts, of Frankstown, stumbled and fell, while driving a team of mules attached to ore-cars, on their way to the orebanks, and before he could get out of the way a car passed over his neck and side of his face, severing the veins in his neck, form the effect of which he died shortly after. He was about 9 years old.

Citizens' Meeting.

At a meeting of the citizens of Altoona, convened for the purpose of devising means to relieve the families of soldiers enlisted under the three month's call, not employees of the Pennsylvania Rail Road, held at the Logan House, on Monday evening, July 6th, Charles J. Mann was appointed Chairman, and John Shoemaker, Secretary.

On motion of Hon. L. W. Hall, a committee of three was appointed for the purpose of increasing the subscription already in existence, and distributing the money to the needy families of those enlisted under said call, in the companies from this place, as follows:—Charles J. Mann, Johnston Moore and Daniel Laughman.

On motion of Hon. L. W. Hall, Jos. K. Ely, John Trout and Martin Runyen were appointed a committee to solicit further subscriptions to increase the fund.

On motion, adjourned.

JOHN SHOEMAKER, Sec'y.

SERVED HIM RIGHT.—The Pittsburgh *Gazette* says:—"A rough looking customer, whose name we could not learn, had the effrontery to hurrah for Jeff. Davis this afternoon, while the rebel prisoners were changing cars on liberty street.—One of the officers of the guard, S. W. Cunningham, Lieutenant of the 63d Ohio Infantry, at once seized the fellow and hustled him into the nearest car, declaring that he should go east along with his rebel friends.

The fellow resisted, but a bayonet punch had the effect to bring him to submission, and he entered the car without further difficulty. The rebel soldiers at once began to make sport of him, asking him if he was a copperhead, whether he would bite, ect. He was left in the car, and is now, perhaps, in Fort Delaware."

FIRE.—The house and barn of Jacob C. Hoover, of Piney Creek, Blair county, was burned on Friday of last week. Hoover failed in rescuing his horses. Everything about the house and barn was consumed—wagon shed, ricks, hog pen, with their contents, and all the farming utensils. All the household furniture, bedding, &c., were lost. The entire loss is estimated at $4,000

WAIT A WHILE.—Dr. W. S. Bittner having entered the service of Uncle Sam for the term of three months, desires us to state that his office will, necessarily, be closed for that length of time. Persons wishing anything in his line of business, would do well to await his return.

AN OPPORTUNITY.—Mr. L. Plack gives notice that he will have his books at Shoemaker's store from the 10th to the 20th of the present month, where all persons wishing to settle their accounts can be accommodated.

ICE CREAM.—If you want a saucer of delicious ice cream, just step into Rossi's saloon on Virginia street. He keeps the pure article.

RAIL ROAD AND MAIL SCHEDULE.

TRAINS ARRIVE AND DEPART.

Baltimore Express West	arrives	6.55 A. M.	leaves	7.15	A. M.
Philadel'a "	"	7.40 "	"	8.00	"
East Line "	"	8.20 P. M.	"	8.35	P. M.
Mail Train "	"	7.00 "	"	7.15	"
Express Train East	"	8.40 P. M.,	leaves	9.00	P. M.
Fast Line "	"	1.10 A. M.	"	1.15	A. M.
Mail Train "	"	7.40 "	"	8.00	"
Through Accom'n "	"	10 15 "	"	10.25	"

Trains on Hollidaysburg Branch run to connect with Express Trains West. Mail Train East and West and Thro' Accommodation Train East.

Trains on Tyrone & Clearfield Branch and Bald Eagle Valley R. R. run to connect with Express Train West and Mail Train East and West.

MARRIED.

On the 14th inst., at the residence of Mr. John Winters, Logan township, by A. Roush, Esq., Mr. JOSEPH HORN, formerly of Cambria county, to Miss MARY ELIZABETH APPLETON, of Huntingdon Co.

On the 20th ult., at Harrisburg, by Rev. J. W. Jackson, Mr. F. A. HOUCK to Miss JULIA PRICE, both of this place.

On the 2d inst., by Rev. W. R. Mills, Mr. BENJAMIN F. RUMBERGER to Miss ANNIE FRALEY, all of this place.

On the 2d inst., by Rev. A. H. Sembower, Mr. JOHN B. DIVAN to Miss PHŒBE E. SLEEK, both of Altoona.

On the 23d ult., by Rev. Ullman, Mr. NORVAL HAWK, of Greensburg, Westmoreland county, to Miss MARY E. BURKHOLDER, of Antis township, this county.

The above named couple have our thanks for their remembrance of the printers. We wish them success in life, hoping that whatever they turn their hands to may prosper.

DIED.

In the Parsonage of the Presbyterian Church of Altoona, on Sabbath day, July 5th, 1863, Rev. A. B. CLARK, late Pastor of the congregation, after a lingering and painful illness of nearly one year.

Mr. Clark was installed Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Altoona about ten years ago, and continued to minister regularly to it for seven years, when his health failed, and for the last three years his pastoral labors have been much interrupted by inability to discharge them.—More than a year ago, he notified the congregation of his inability and of his intention to ask them to unite with him in a request to Presbytery to dissolve the pastoral relation. At a meeting of the congregation early in April last, they expressed their assent and passed resolutions expressive of their appreciation of him as a man and a minister. At the Presbytery in April, the dissolution was consummated and he ceased from the pastoral relation.—At that time he was unable to be present in Presbytery, or to leave his room. Some two months ago his health had improved so much that he made a visit to Blairsville, but since his return he has been rapidly exhausted, and quietly and calmly sunk to rest. His funeral took place this (Tuesday) morning. The body was borne, by the elders of the congregation, into the church where he so long ministered, and appropriate religious services were performed by Revs. Lawrence and Barron, of the Presbyterian Church, Rev. Holmer, of the Lutheran Church, and Rev. Oliver, of the Episcopal Church. The remains were followed to the Cemetery by a large number of sorrowing relatives and sympathizing friends, and deposited in the lot in which repose the bodies of three of his children; and thus our friend rests from his labors."

STRAY COW.—Came to the premises of the subscriber residing in Logan township, Blair county, about the 8th of June, 1863, a large, red, muley cow, without any particular marks. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

MARGARET IRWIN.

Logan Twp., July 7, 1863.-3t*

CAUTION.—This is to notify all persons that my wife, Mary Leitzker, (formerly Mary Borstert) has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation. All persons are hereby cautioned not to harbor or trust her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting unless compelled by law, and all persons are warned not to have anything to do with her if they wish to keep out of difficulty.

Altoona, June 16, pd. AUGUST LEITZKER.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

A PUBLIC EXAMINATION FOR Teachers to take charge of the eight Schools of Altoona District, will be conducted by the County Superintendent, in School-Room No. 2, West Ward, on Saturday, July 18th, 1863—beginning at 9 o'clock A. M.—at which time and place applicants will please be present. No private examination will be granted. Term, ten months, of 22 days each. Schools to open on Monday, August 31st. No applications will be received after the 16th day of July.

By order of the Board. JOHN A. BAER,
Altoona, July 7, 1863.] Secretary.

FOR SALE—Two lots of ground, fronting on Virginia street, nearly opposite the Gas Works; said lots, being Nos. 19 and 20, in the Greensburg Plot, of the borough of Altoona, known as the Patrick Munday property, having thereon erected a double two-story frame dwelling house, and a frame stable. For further information, inquire of E. HAMMOND,
June 9th, 4t.] Hollidaysburg.

LINDSEY'S IMPROVED

BLOOD SEARCHER,

A SURE CURE FOR

Cancer,
Cancerous Formations,
Scrofula,
Cutaneous Diseases,
Erysipelas, Boils,
Pimples on the Face,
Sore Eyes,
Tetter Affections,
Scald Head,
Dyspepsia,
Costiveness.
Old and Stubborn Ulcers
Rheumatic Disorders,
Jaundice,
Salt Rheum,
Mercurial Diseases,
General Debility,
Liver Complaint,
Loss of Appetite,
Low Spirits,
Female Complaints,
Epilepsy or Fits,
Paralysis or Palsy,
Syphilitic Diseases and
Caries of the Bones.

Together with all other diseases having their origin in a depraved condition of the blood or circulatory system.

CASE OF DANIEL A. BOYD.

PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1861.

DR. G. H. KEYSER:—I take pleasure in making this voluntary statement in favor of a medicine prepared by you called "LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER." I had suffered for five years with Scrofula which broke out on my head and forehead so as to disfigure me very much, and took off the hair when the disease made its appearance; it also broke out on my arm above and below the elbow, and eat into the skin and flesh so as to expose a fearful sore. The disease on my head went so far that several small pieces of bone came out. I was very weak and low spirited, and had given up all hope of ever getting well, as I had tried several skillful physicians and they did me no good. In September last, 1861, I was induced to try "LINDSEY'S IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER." I must confess I had no faith in patent medicines, but after I had used three bottles of Blood Searcher, the ulcers on my head and arm began to heal. I have now taken eight or ten bottles, and my head and arm are entirely well except the scars remaining from the sores. I will also state that I had the rheumatism very bad in my arms and legs. The Blood Searcher also cured the rheumatism. I am now a well man, over forty years of age, and I feel as supple and young as I did when I was twenty, and have increased in weight twenty pounds. I would also state that the disease in my forehead was so bad that when I stooped and lifted anything heavy, the blood run out of the sore. Dr. Keyser had a photograph taken of me by Mr. Cargo, the artist, after I began to get well. It does not show my appearance as bad as it was before I commenced taking the medicine. You can see the photograph, one of which is now in my possession, and also at Dr. Keyser's 140 Wood street. I would also state that I took the Blood Searcher which was made before Dr. Keyser commenced making it. Although it helped me some, I did not recover fast until I got the kind made by Dr. Keyser himself. One bottle of his did me more good than two of the old. I believe it is a great deal stronger and better. I have recommended the Blood Searcher to a great many of my friends for various diseases, and I believe it has helped the whole of them. You may publish this if you wish, and I am anxious that all who are afflicted as I was may be cured. I live in this city, No. 4 Pine street, and am employed at Collville & Anderson's Union Marble Works, 54 Wayne street.

DANIEL A. BOYD.

A BLIND MAN CURED.

I live in Sligo, at Clinton Mill and have been nearly blind in both eyes for nearly four years. I called on Dr. Keyser about three months ago and asked him to give me directions to the Institution for the Blind in Philadelphia. He told me that I need not go to Philadelphia to get well as he had medicine that would cure me, as he said my disease was in the blood. I was treated for it two or three times in the hospital in this city, and was relieved, but my disease always returned after a month or two after I came out of the hospital. I found my disease was returning and I called, by the advice of a good friend of mine, on Dr. Keyser, who has restored my sight, and my eyes are nearly as well as ever. The Doctor gave me "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" and a wash.

DAVID KINNOLLY,
Clinton Mills, Sligo.

Pittsburg, July 5, 1861.

Witness—E. F. M'Elroy, Anderson street, Allegheny City.

A BAD SORE LEG CURED.

PITTSBURGH, September 18, 1861.—I hereby certify that I have had a sore leg for over a year. It was covered with ulcers and sores so that I could not work for nearly a year. My leg swelled so that I was unable to do anything for a long time, for at least six months. I tried several of the best doctors in the city, but without any benefit; finally I called on Dr. Keyser, at No. 140 Wood street, who only attended me about two weeks, and gave me but two bottles of medicine, and I am now entirely well and have continued so for six months. I am employed at the Eagle Engine House on Fourth street, where any one can see me.

THOMAS FARRELL.

CANCER CURED.

A LETTER FROM ENGLAND.—Mr. John Pope, of Blaenavon, near Montypool, Monmouthshire, England, writes as follows:

SIR:—An old woman in this place has wished me to write you respecting LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER, from which she found great benefit, and wishes to have a little more. She has been suffering from a disease of a cancerous nature for the last six or seven years. Her daughter, who is living in America, obtained it for her, and sent her eighteen bottles. She is now quite out of it, and I have written to her daughter twice and have received no answer; of course she is anxious to get more, to get completely cured. I told her I would write to you for the agency in this country, and she felt very much pleased to hear me say so. I now beg to ask you on what terms you will supply me: you will please bear in mind the carriage, and supply me as cheap as possible. The carriage on the one dozen bottles was £1 8s 6d. The medicine was a present from her daughter. I would like to have the Blood Searcher in a jar or small cask, if you can send it in that way, or in pint or quart bottles. I will send a bill through bank or registered letter, which ever will be most convenient to you, if you will send me carrier's receipt, or the parcel as security. I would send you a stamp to answer this, but as it is uncertain of this reaching you, on account of the country being in six and sevens, a term which is commonly used, you will be kind enough to charge me with the postage.

Yours, respectfully,
JOHN POPE.

[Signed]

[We have seen the letter which is published in to-day's *Dispatch*, from John Pope, and believe it to be genuine.—*Editors Dispatch Pittsburgh.*

☞ *Look for Dr. Keyser's name over the corks to prevent being imposed upon.*

Prepared and sold by Dr GEORGE H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh Pa.

Sold in Altoona by A. ROUSH and G. W. KESSLER; in Hollidaysburg by J. R. PATTON and JACOB SNYDER.

June 26, 1862.-1y

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE

PREPARATIONS

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
A Positive and Specific Remedy
For Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS depositions, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS, are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and is good for MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUBHU.

For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWIAG SYMPTOMS:

Indisposition to Exertion,	Difficulty of Breathing.
Loss of Memory	Loss of Power,
Weak Nerves,	Trembling,
Horror of Disease,	Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision,	Pain in the Back,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,	
Hot Hands,	Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin,	Eruptions of the Face.

PALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows IMPOTENCY, FATUITY EPILEPTIC FITS, in one of which the patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "DIREFUL DISEASES."

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering,
BUT NONE WILL CONFESS
THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS,
And the melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.

THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED WITH ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the System, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical

FEMALES! FEMALES!!

OLD OR YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE.

In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœ or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE,
SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

No Family Should be Without It.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUBHU.
AND
IMPROVED ROSE WASH

CURES SECRET DISEASES

In all their stages, At little Expense,
Little or no change in Diet, No inconvenience
And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra. Allaying Pain and Inflamation so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous Diseases and worn-out Matter.

THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS who have been the victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,
Whether existing in
MALE OR FEMALE,
From whatever cause originating, and no matter at
HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the aid of a DIURETIC

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Is the Great DIURETIC, and in certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicines.

Certificates of Cures, from eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

Price $1,00 Per Bottle, or Six for $5,

Delivered to any address, securely packed from any observation.

DESCRIBE SYMPTOMS IN ALL COMMUNICATIONS.
Cures Guaranteed. Advice Gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. HELMBOLD, who being duly sworn, doth say, his preparation contains no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of November, 1854. W. P. HIBBARD, Alderman,
Ninth St., above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence to
H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot, 104 South Tenth-St., below Chestnut,
Philadelphia, Penn.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS,

Who endeavor to dispose "OF THEIR OWN" and "OTHER" articles on the reputation attained by
Helmbold's Genuine Preparations,
do do Extract Buchu,
do do do Sarsaparilla,
do do Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Take no other. Cut out the advertisment and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

September 17th, 1862-1y.

THE UNION FOREVER!

GOOD NEWS!

GODFREY WOLF would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has opened a

CLOTHING STORE,

On Corner of Main and Caroline Streets,

where he will keep on hand a large stock of ready-made clothing consisting of DRESS COATS, PANTALOONS, VESTS, OVERALLS, KNIT JACKETS, &c., at Philadelphia prices.

HATS & CAPS!

I have a large and varied stock of hats and caps which it will be to the advantage of all to examine before purchasing elsewhere. Also, a fine stock of Gents' Furnishing goods, such as shirts, collars, neck-ties, handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, &c.

Determined to sell, I have marked my goods at the very lowest figures, and feel confident that all will be satisfied with the price and quality of my stock.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

THE Early Physical Degeneracy of AMERICAN PEOPLE.

JUST PUBLISHED BY DR. A. STONE

Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute.

A Treatise on the Causes of Early Physical decline of American People: the cause of Nervous Debility, Consumption and Marasmus.

This work is one of high moral tone, written in chaste, yet thrilling language, and appeals directly to the moral consciousness of ALL PARENTS and Guardians especially, detailing scientific and reliable aids and treatment for cure.

It will be sent by mail on the receipt of two (3 cent) stamps.

☞ Parents and Guardians! Fail not to send and obtain this book.

☞ Young man! Fail not to send and get this book.

☞ Ladies! You too should at once secure a copy of this book.

A Word of Solemn Conscientious Advice to those who will reflect.

A class of maladies prevail to a fearful extent in the community, dooming at least 100,000 youth of both sexes annually to an early grave. Those diseases are very imperfectly understood. Their external manifestation, or symptoms are Nervous Debility, Relaxation and Exhaustion; Marasmus or wasting and consumption of the tissues of the whole body; shortness of breathing or hurried breathing on ascending a hill or flight of stairs; great palpitation of the Heart; Asthma, Bronchitis and sore Throat; shaking of the Hands and limbs; aversion to society and to business or study; dimness of eye sight, loss of Memory, dizziness of the Head, Neuralgia, Pain in various parts of the body; Pains in the back or limbs, Lumbago, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, irregularity of the bowels, deranged secretions of the Kidneys and other glands of the body, as Leucorrhœa or Fleur Albus, &c. Likewise Epilepsy, Hysteria and Nervous Spasms.

Now in ninety-nine cases out of every one hundred, all of the above named disorders, and a host of others not named, as Consumption of the Lungs and that most insidious and wily form of consumption of the Spinal Nerves, known as Tabes Dorsalis, and Tabes mesenterica, have their seat and origin in diseases of the Pelvic Viscera. Hence the want of success on the part of old school practice in treating symptoms only.

Dr. Andrew Stone, Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institution, is now engaged in treating this class of modern maladies with the most astonishing success. The treatment adopted by the Institution is new; it is based upon scientific principles, with new discov red remedies; without minerals or poisons. The facilities of cure are such that patients can be cured at their homes, in any part of the country, from accurate descriptions of their case, by letter; and have the medicines sent by mail or express. Printed interrogatories will be forwarded on application.

☞ Consumption, Catarrh and diseases of the throat cured as well at the Home of the Patients as at the Institution, by sending the Cold Medicated INHALING BALSAMIC VAPORS, with inhaler and ample directions for their use, and direct correspondence.

☞ Patients applying for interrogatives or advice, must enclose return stamps, to meet attention.

☞ The attending Physician will be found at the Institution for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., each day. Sunday in the forenoon.

Address DR. ANDREW STONE.

Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute, and Physician for Diseases of the Heart, Throat and Lungs, 96 Fifth Street, Troy, N. Y.

Altoona, Dec. 30th, 1862.-1y.

From the Front!

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that they have just returned from the East with their

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF

HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES.

Their stock of HATS & CAPS have been selected with great care, and with the view of suiting all who may favor them with their patronage. Their line of Boots and Shoes is complete.

Their *LADIES' MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES* are of City make, and warranted. Their Balmoral Shoes for Ladies and Misses, are just the thing for wet weather and saving health.

Thankful to the public for their very liberal patronage heretofore, they hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Store on *MAIN ST.* next door to Bowman's Exchange Hotel. SMITH & MANN.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON,

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that his CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

ICE CREAM SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up ICE CREAM in the best style during the season.

FRESH-BAKED

BREAD, CAKES, & PIES,

always on hand, at reasonable rates.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c., for pic-nics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall. OTTO ROSSI.

Altoona, April 28, 1863-tf.

WM. S. BITTNER

Dental Surgeon.

OFFICE IN MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

Dr. B. would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country, that he is prepared to insert

ARTIFICIAL TEETH!

from a single tooth to a full set, in the most superior style,

ON GOLD, SILVER, OR VULCANITE BASE.

It would be to the advantage of all persons desiring artificial teeth, to call at his office before going elsewhere, if they wish cheapness, beauty or durability.

Dr. Bittner will visit Hollidaysburg and vicinity when his services are desired. [Feb. 17, 1863-tf.

NEW

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE,

Corner of Annie and Harriet Streets,

EAST ALTOONA.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona, that they have just received and keep constantly on hand a supply of "Pattonville Extra," and Extra Family Flour, in barrels, and ¼ and ½ barrels in sacks; also, Chop and Corn Meal, Butter and eggs fresh from the country; also, an extensive stock of Groceries, consisting of Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Coffee, &c., also, Ham, Bacon, Dried Beef, Fish of all kinds, Salt, Crackers, Cheese, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Buckets, Brooms, Tubs, Brushes, Dried Fruit, Confectioneries, Queensware, Glassware, Coal Oil Lamps, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, &c., &c., &c., all of which we propose to sell at small profits FOR CASH.

Altoona, Jan. 1, '63-6m. D. M. BARR & CO.

WEST BRANCH INSURANCE CO.,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

PREMIUM NOTES IN FORCE.....405,000.

Insures property on as reasonable terms as are consistent with security.

DIRECTORS:

G. C. Harvey,	O. D. Satterlee,
J. B. Hall,	Jacob Brown,
P. M. Price,	Allison White,
Simon Scott,	C. A. Mayer,
Alex. Sloan.	W. Fearen.

O. D. SATTERLEE, V. P. G. C. HARVEY, Pres't.

J. W. CRAPMAN, Secretary.

July 3, '62-1y.] R. A. O. KERR, Agent, Altoona.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE ALTOONA FAIR VIEW CEMETERY ASSOCIATION will be held on the second Thursday evening of each month, in the Council Room. M. CLABAUGH.

Jos. LOWTHER, President.

Secretary. [May 15-'63]

PLAIN & FANCY VESTS, of every size and style at LAUGHMAN'S.

NORTH WARD AHEAD!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT OLD PRICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the east, where he has been selecting his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which for style, quality and Price cannot be surpassed in this neck of country. His stock is much larger than heretofore, and, as it is quite an object in these war-exciting times for every one to purchase where they can get the BEST article at the LOWEST PRICE, he would say that he can and will sell AS LOW, if not A LITTLE LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE in this place. He wishes all to call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can offer inducement which will DEFY COMPETITION. His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR,

LADIES' AND MISSES' DRESS SHOES,

MEN AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES,

MEN AND WOMEN'S HOSE, HATS AND CAPS,

Ginghams, Lawns, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Dried Peaches and Dried Apples, Plain and Canvassed Hams, &c., &c., &c.

He will sell the AMERICAN PRINTS at 12½ cents.

FAST MADDER COLORS,		10 "
FANCY DELAINES,	from 12½ to	25 "
Fine Bleached MUSLINS yard wide,		12½ "
" " "	⅞ "	10 "
" " "	¾ "	9½ "
Heavy Unbl'ched "	yard "	12½ "
" " "	⅞ " 8 and	10 "
" Fine, French, Sewed, Heeled BOOTEES,		$1 25
" Pegged "		1 00
MEN'S CALF BOOTS,		2 75
" GOAT "		2 50
BOYS' GOAT, (Nos. 4 and 5,)		1 50
MEN AND BOYS' OXFORD TIES, from 75 cents to		1 00
MEN'S CALF MONROES,		1 00

All sizes of MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES, very low

GROCERIES Rio Coffee at 25 cents, White Sugar 11 and 12½ cents. Brown Sugar from 7 to 10 cts.; Best Honey and Lovering's Syrup, at 60 cts.; Sugar House Molasses, 40 cts.; Baltimore Molasses, 31 to 40 cts.; together with Cedar and Willow Ware; Flour, Feed, &c., and all other articles of Goods just as low as any other house can sell. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. SPRANKLE.

Altoona, May 1, 1862.] North Ward.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!!

Virginia St., Altoona, Pa.

D. W. A. BELFORD, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EMPORIUM OF FASHION" would respectfully announce to the public that he has received a large invoice of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

VESTINGS,

and a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Collars, Neck-Ties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., &c.,

exactly suited to this locality and intended for the

AUTUMN AND WINTER TRADE.

The proprietor of the Emporium invites an examination of his stock, feeling confident that his shelves present a greater variety of plain and fancy goods than can be found elsewhere in the country. An examination will convince any one of this fact.

He has also received the

LATEST FASHION,

and being a perfect "Cutter," he has no hesitancy in saying that he can make up clothing in the fashion, and in a manner that can not fail to prove satisfactory. It has passed into a proverb that

Belford's the very man that can make,
Clothes in the fashion, strong and cheap:
All that have ever tried him yet,
Say that he really cant be beat.

Remember the place, Virginia street, first door above Jaggard's Hall, Altoona, Pa. [April 17, '62.

HARDWARE.

The subscriber having taken entire charge of the Hardware and Stove and Tin Shop recently under the charge of Fries & Winters, on Virginia street, opposite Kessler's Drug Store, and having added largely to his stock is now prepared to supply anything in the Hardware and Cutlery line, such as Handsaws, Axes, Augers, Adzes, Chisels, Squares, Rules, Hammers, Planes, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Files, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., &c., all of which he offers on the most reasonable terms.

Persons wishing anything in the Hardware line are requested to call and examine his stock.

He has also added Oils, Paints, Carbon Oil, etc., to his stock, and will dispose of all these articles at a small advance on first cost.

He will also continue the

STOVE BUSINESS,

and will keep on hand an assortment from which any person will be able to select an article to please their fancy.

In the line of

TIN AND SHEET IRONWARE,

CEDAR and WILLOW-WARE,

he will always have a large supply, and will make to order anything that may be called for.

Job work in this line promptly attended to.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

put up on short notice in the best style.

April 21, 1863.-tf. SAMUEL I. FRIES.

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE

CHARLES J. MANN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

WOODEN WARE, BROOMS, WINDOW SHADES, DOOR MATS,

UPHOLSTERING GOODS, SHOE FINDINGS, COFFIN TRIMMINGS,

MOULDERS' TOOLS, BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS, WINDOW GLASS,

PUTTY, WHITE LEAD, &C., &C.

☞ Every description of Goods in his line will be furnished at short notice, and at low rates for cash.

His remaining stock of DRY GOODS on hand will be closed out at remarkably low prices, in order to relinquish that branch of the business.

Agent for Willson's "Telegraph Fodder Cutter."

Altoona, May 29th, 1862.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

AT

PRIVATE SALE!!

THE PROPERTY known as the Greensburg School Property, situate in North Ward, adjoining lots of Wm. Dent, and W. A. B. Lash, is, in accordance with a resolution of the School Board, offered at Private Sale. This is a desirable property, there being TWO FULL LOTS OF GROUND AND A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE. With a little expense the house can be made to accommodate two families.

For further information inquire of Wm. Boyden, J. B Hileman, James Lowther, A. Maxwell, H. C. Dern, or Jno. A. Baer, School Directors.

WM. BOYDEN.

May 12, 1863-tf.] Pres't Altoona School Board.

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON.

MRS. C. BEITER respectfully announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Altoona and vicinity that she has opened a

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON,

In Jess Smith's old Stand, on Virginia street, opposite the

LUTHERAN CHURCH,

where she will keep on hand a choice lot of confectioneries nuts, fruit, cakes, etc., which she will sell at the most reasonable prices.

During the season she will also keep Ice Cream, of different flavors, which she will take pleasure in serving to customers at all hours of the day and evening.

Give me a call, and I will give satisfaction.

April 21st, 1863.-6m.

ONWARD! ONWARD!!

EXCELSIOR OUR MOTTO!

NOW OPEN

On the corner of Branch and Annie Streets,

EAST ALTOONA,

AN ENTIRELY

NEW STOCK OF GOODS!

HAVING DISPOSED OF THE entire stock of old goods in the above stand at auction, we desire to say to the public that we have just opened out an

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

to which we invite the attention of the public. We are determined to sell at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Our stock embraces a large and complete assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

consisting, in part, of plain and fancy Silks, all-wool Delaines, Alpacas, Challie Delaines, plain and figured Berege, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducals, De Barge, Travelling Dress Goods, and all the

LATEST STYLE PRINTS.

Men's Wear.

We have received a large and well selected stock of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, such as Cloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Jeans, Corduroys, Beaver Teens, Velvet Cords, and other fashionable goods for men and boys.

WHITE GOODS.

Irish Linen, Cambrics, Victoria Lawns, plain and dotted Swiss, Bobinets, Edgings, &c.

We have a large assortment of Ladies' Needlework Collars and Sets, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Gauntlets, Mitts, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, &c. Also, Ticking, Checks, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Crash, &c.

Also, a fine assortment of

SPRING SHAWLS.

We have received a large lot of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

LADIES' GAITERS,

HATS & CAPS, SHAKER BONNETS, &c.,

which we are determined to sell cheaper than ever.

QUEENSWARE,

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

HARDWARE,

Groceries,	Flour,
Bacon,	Cheese,
Syrups,	Molasses,
Mackerel,	Herring,
Carbon Oil,	Fish Oil,
	Drugs and Medicines,

and, in fact, everything usually kept in a first-class Store.

☞ As we make our purchases almost entirely for cash, and as we will sell for

CASH ONLY,

AND KEEP NO BOOKS, it will enable us to sell Goods at very moderate prices; and by fair dealing and strict attention to business we hope to secure a liberal share of public patronage.

GEIS & CO.

Altoona, April 15, 1862-tf

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff & Tobacco

MANUFACTURER,

16 & 18, CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham St., New York.)

would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz.:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros, Fine Rappee, Coarse Rappee, Pure Virginia, Nachitoches, American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot, Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the great reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING.—Long, No. 1, No. 2, Nos. 1 and 2 mixed, Granulated, S. Jago, Spanish, Canaster, Turkish.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain, Cavendish, or Sweet, Sweet Scented Oronoco, Tin Foil Cavendish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. April 14, 63,-1y.]

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH!

VICKSBURG REPORTED TAKEN!

L. Plack's the place to get your Bacon!

I would respectfully inform the public in general, that I have lately been West and purchased some of the best and largest lots of

SUGAR-CURED HAMS & SHOULDERS

ever brought to this market. I have 2500 Hams and 700 Shoulders, which I will sell at reasonable prices. Persons wishing to buy by the quantity will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I will sell at Pittsburgh market prices.

March 31st, 1863.] LOUIS PLACK.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer at Private Sale EIGHT BUILDING LOTS, situate on the top of the hill, above the reservoir of the Altoona Gas & Water Company, being now held as property by the Presbyterian Church. The lots are fifty feet front by 175 feet deep, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase or view these lots will receive all information concerning them by applying to Michael Clabaugh, R. H. McCormick, Alexander McCormick, or Chas. J. Mann, Trustees of Presbyterian Church. [Altoona, April 3, 1862.

ANDREW ECKEL,

DEALER IN

Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, &c., &c.,

Annie street, Altoona, Pa., and McKeage's Old Stand, Montgomery street, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

AGENERAL ASSORTMENT of Goods in his line constantly on hand at the lowest cash prices. [Feb. 7, 1863.

DRIED APPLES.—The subscribers have a fine lot of bright yellow DRIED APPLES, bought at much less than market rates, and which they desire to close out, at cost and carriage, without delay. Persons desiring to purchase, either at wholesale or retail, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.] MURPHY & McPIKE.

S. M. WOODKOK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Altoona, Penn'a,

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties. Office on Virginia Street, 2 doors above Julia Street.

Feb. 3, 1863-tf.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, agent of the Protection Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Blair county, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize Furniture and property of every description,* in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the *Tribune* office. E. B. McCRUM, *Agent.*

MUSIC!—INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN on the Piano-Forte and Melodeon, by Miss M. SHOEMAKER. TERMS, $10 per quarter. No charge for the use of the Instrument. Residence on Catharine Street, West Altoona. [Jan. 16, 1862.-tf.

H. B. MILLER,

DENTIST.

☞ Office on Caroline street, between Virginia and Emma streets, Altoona. [Jan. 20—2m*

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

GREAT PILES OF PANTALOONS for Men and Boys, at LAUGHMAN'S

R. A. O. KERR,

ALTOONA, PA.,

Agent for Blair & Huntingdon Counties.

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

OVER 1,400 MORE

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The Agent refers those desiring information as the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

POKED OUT AGAIN!

The undersigned would respectfully solicit the patronage of the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, as he has again opened out

AT HIS OLD STAND,

on Virginia st., a few doors below the Supt's Office,

with an entirely new and fresh supply of

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,

such as

FLOUR, BACON, FISH, SALT, POTATOES, CHEESE, CORN-MEAL, MILL-FEED OATS, RYE, CORN,

TEAS of all kinds, COFFEE, SUGAR, SYRUPS, BAKING MOLASSES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, DRIED FRUIT, SOAP, CANDLES, BROOMS, BRUSHES, Crockery, Wooden and Willow Ware, Stationery, Notions, Candies, &c. Also a large stock of

LIQUORS!

All the above goods will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest prices. Come one—come all! See for yourselves, and be convinced. No charge for examining my stock. LOUIS PLACK.

April 17, '62-tf.

STOVES,

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has taken the store and shop recently occupied by Fries & Winters, on *Annie street, East Altoona,* where he has on hand a large supply of STOVES of *all Patterns,* such as Cook, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. A large supply will always be kept on hand.

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE, in great variety, always on hand.

ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice.

He has also attached a copper-smithing room to his establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.

April 21st, 1863.-tf STEPHEN WINTERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTfully informs the public that he will continue to keep a

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

in the room recently occupied by Roberts and Rutherford. The business hereto fore carried on by them will, in the future, be in the name of JOHN H. ROBERTS.

He will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of

Boots & Shoes,

GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &c., &c., &c.

which he will offer at fair prices and warrant to be of the best material and manufacture Particular attention will be given to

CUSTOM WORK,

in which he warrants to give entire satisfaction, as he buys the best stock and employs none but the best workmen.

Remember the old stand, on Virginia Street, one door East of Kessler's Drug Store.

Oct. 10 1862-tf. JOHN H. ROBERTS.

CARPETINGS & BEDDING.

REMOVAL.

R. L. KNIGHT & SON

Have removed from 262 S. Second Street, to

807 CHESTNUT ST., above Eighth,

where they have opened a well-selected stock of

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS & MATTINGS,

BEDDING AND MATTRESSES

of every description, Ready-made or made to orders

FEATHERS.

Various qualities always on hand.

The Manufacture and sale of Bedding will also be continued at 262 S. Second Street.

April 14, 1863. R. L. KNIGHT.

[3m.] EARTLEY KNIGHT.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.—The undersigned is about starting a Tannery, and wishes to buy or trade for

400 CORDS

of good ROCK OAK BARK, and also for HIDES, for which the highest market price will be paid.

Altoona, April 17, '62-tf. LOUIS PLACK.

J. G. ARNUM,

Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.

October 1, 1857.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.—A large and varied stock of FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, just received, and for sale as cheap as the cheapest, at MURPHY & McPIKE'S Store, Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF Gent's Model Improved SHIRTS—linen and Muslin Shirts—fine and coarse—white and colored—at LAUGHMAN'S.

OYES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2 '56.

NEW AND IMPROVED STYLES of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags, at LAUGHMAN'S.

NEW WINTER READY MADE Clothing just received at the LAUGHMAN'S.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERvers for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

MEN AND BOYS' COATS, of every style and color, of good quality, at LAUGHMAN'S.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES for Men and Boys, Ladies and Misses, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'

AMERICAN

Life Insurance and Trust Co.

COMPANY'S BUILDING Southeast Corner of Walnut and Fourth Streets, Philad'a.

Authorized Capital,	$500,000
Paid up Capital,	250,000
Assets,	1,897,746

Incorporated 1850, by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Insures Lives during the Natural life or for short terms, grants annuities and endowments, and makes contracts of all kinds depending on the issues of life.

Policies of Life Insurance issued at the usual mutual rates of other good companies—with profits to the assured—last BONUS January, 1861, being 43 per cent. of all premiums received on mutual policies—at Joint Stock rates, 20 per cent less than the above, or Total Abstinence rates 40 per cent. less than Mutual price. Also, a

NON-FORFEITURE PLAN,

By which a person pays for 5, 7, or 10 years only, when the policy is paid up for LIFE, and nothing more to pay; and should he be unable, or wish to discontinue sooner, the Company will issue a Paid up Policy, in proportion to the amount of premium paid, as follows:

On a Policy of $1,000, after payment of	5 Year rates.	7 Year rates.	10 Year rates.
1 Annual Premium, for	$200 00	$142 85	$100 00
2 " " "	400 00	285 70	200 00
4 " " "	800 00	571 40	400 00
6 " " "	———	857 10	600 00
8 " " "	———	———	800 00

ALEXANDER WHILLDIN, President.

SAMUEL WORK, Vice President.

JOHN S. WILSON, Secretary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Alexander Whilldin,	J. Edgar Thomson,
Hon. Jas. Pollock,	Hon. Joseph Allison,
Albert C. Roberts,	Jonas Bowman,
Samuel T. Bodine,	H. H. Eldridge,
George Nugent,	John Aikman,
William J. Howard,	Charles F. Heazlitt,
Samuel Work.	

Any further information can be had by applying to the undersigned, who is the authorized agent for Blair County.

July 31, 1862 1y R. A. O. KERR.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best, to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fit me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26-5m JACOB SNYDER.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.

2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.

3d. That they are very easily trimmed.

4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.

5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.

6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858-tf. G. W. KESSLER.

Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves,* of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware,* consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

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NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE.—This Great Journal of Crime and Criminals is in its Twelfth Year, and is widely circulated throughout the country. It contains all the Great Trials, Criminal Cases, and appropriate Editorials on the same, together with information on Criminal Matters, not to be found in any other newspaper.

☞ Subscriptions $2 per annum; $1 for six months, to be remitted by subscribers, (who should write their names and the town, county and State where they reside plainly,) To G. W. MATSELL & CO.,

15-tf Editor & Prop'r. of New York Police Gazette, *New York City*

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

BROGANS, GAITERS, &C.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.

Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

Jan. 24, '56-tf]

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia. For the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs. Medical advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable reports on Spermatorria or Seminal Weakness, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [June 22, 1862.-1y.

EXCELLENT HEAVY BOOTS & SHOES just received at LAUGHMAN'S

DO YOU WANT A HAT OR CAP, cheap or fine?—go to LAUGHMAN'S.

HUTTER'S

STATE CAPITOL

Book Bindery,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY

No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

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